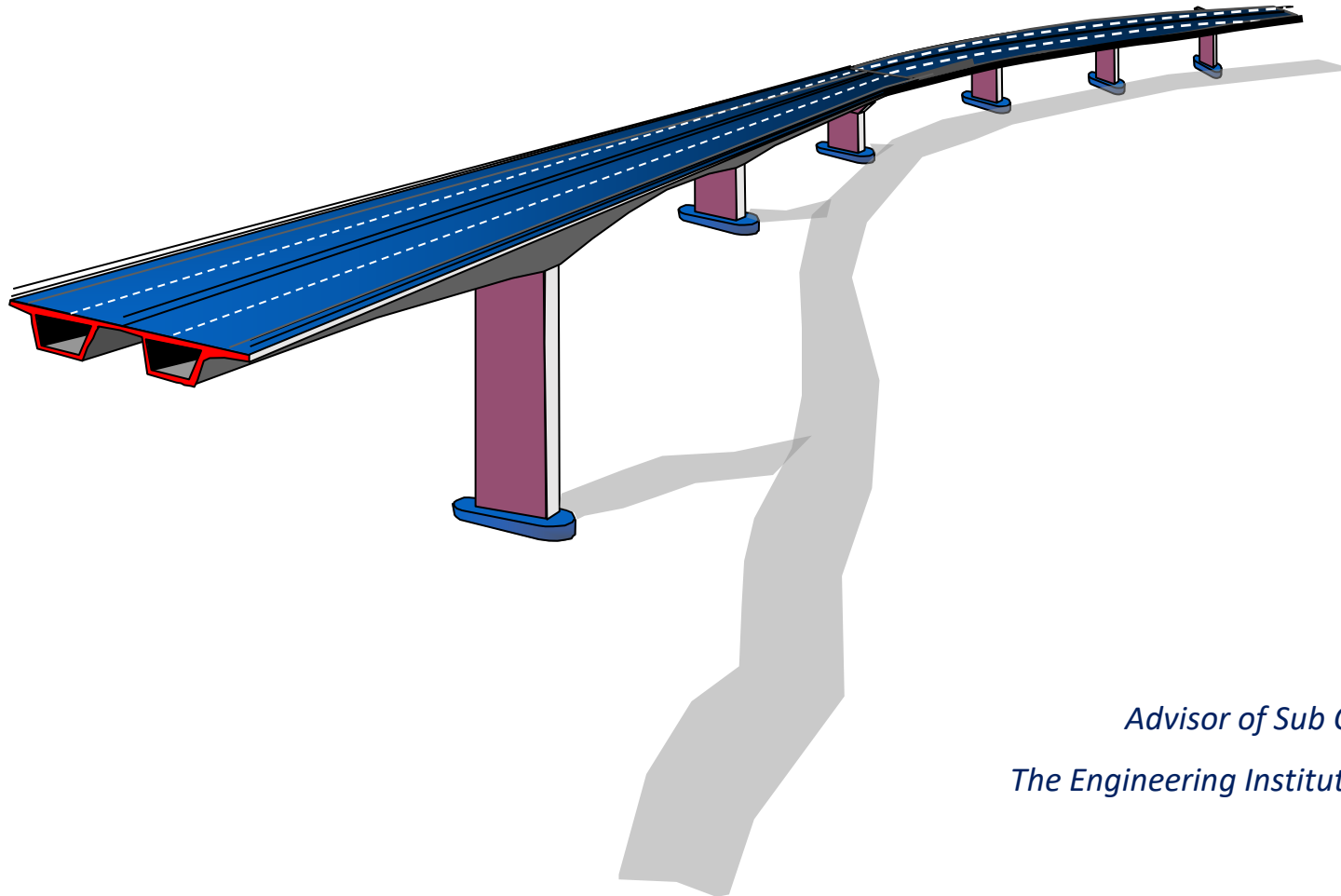




# Construction Experience on Bridge/Elevated Structure



*Athasit Sirisonthi, Ph.D*

*Advisor of Sub Committee of structural and bridge engineering  
The Engineering Institute of Thailand Under H.M. The King's Patronage*



- Introduction to Bridge Design and Construction
- Experience in Segmental Box-Girder Bridge/Elevated Structure



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## Introduction to Bridge Design and Construction

# Introduction to Bridge Design and Construction

- Bridge/Elevated Structure Characteristic
- Bridge/Elevated Construction Concept



*Don Maung Tollway @ Lad prao  
Intersection*



*SVB Airport Rail Link @ Soi Soon  
Vijai*



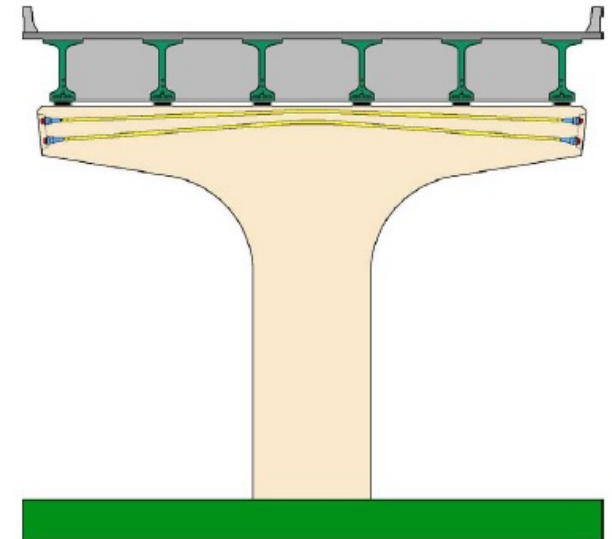
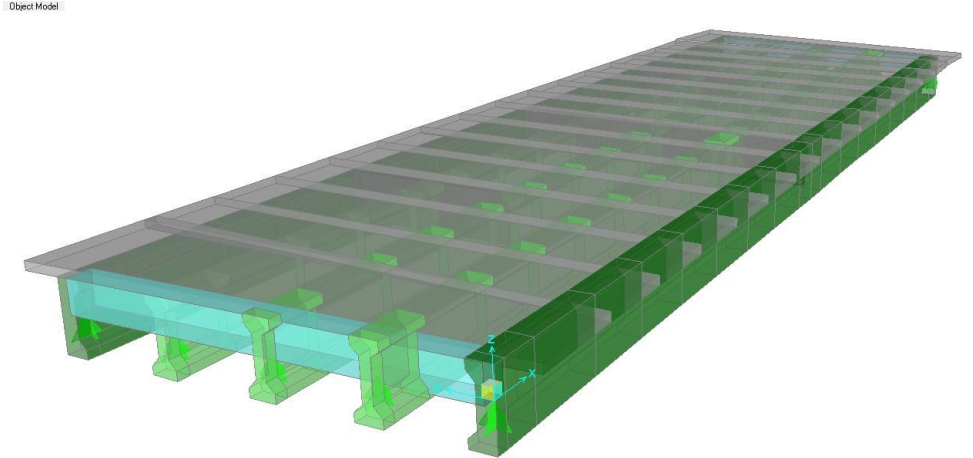




# Bridge Superstructure: I-Girder with Deck slab

Bridge/Elevated Structures with I-Girder & Deck slab on Superstructure type, the old school design of bridge structure, this structure is use in many construction project in Thailand such as;

- Don Maung Tollway
- Expressway Stage 3: Section S1
- Elevated Frontage Road NBIA Project
- Overpassed Bridge by DOH, DOR
- Highway Interchange by DOH, DOR
- Etc.



# Bridge Superstructure: I-Girder with Deck slab



*Elevated Frontage Road NBIA Project – SV Joint Venture*



*The 3<sup>rd</sup> Stage Expressway S1: Contract 1 - Vichitbhan Construction Co., Ltd.*

The method of erection I-Girder, which suitable for project “Mobile Crane” or “Launcher”





# Bridge Superstructure: I-Girder with Deck slab



*The 3<sup>rd</sup> Stage Expressway S1: Contract 1 - Vichitbhan Construction Co., Ltd.*



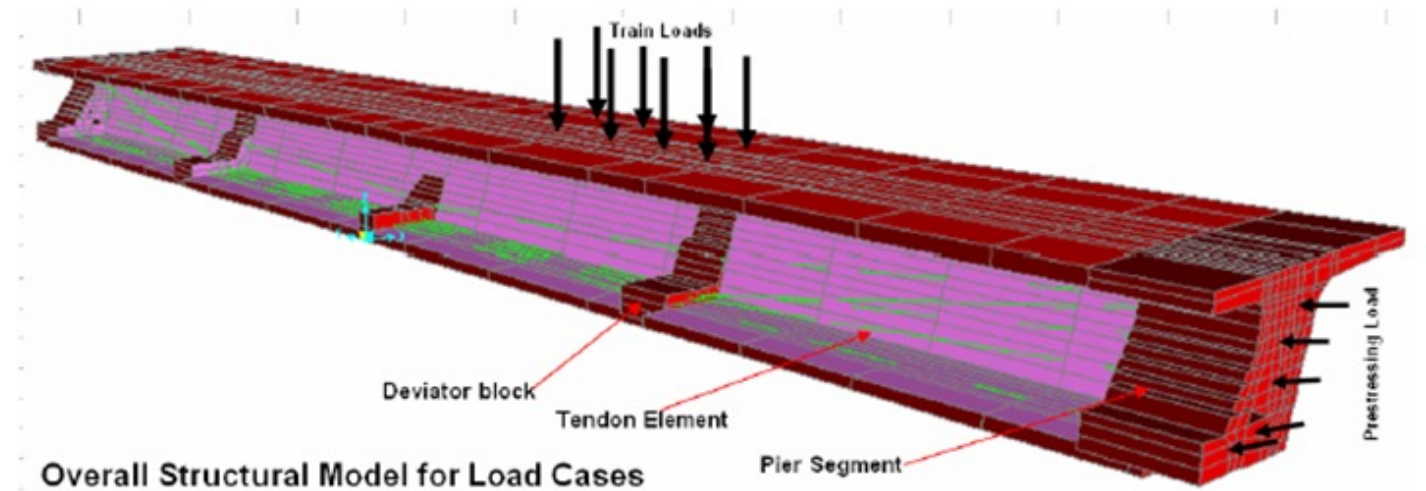
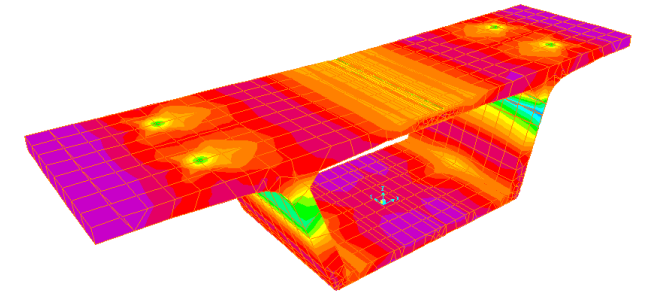
*The 3<sup>rd</sup> Stage Expressway S1: Contract 1 - Vichitbhan Construction Co., Ltd.*

The construction of bridge deck slab can be separated into 2 type, one is composite deck slab with PC.Plank and the other one is Cast-In Placed slab

# Bridge Superstructure: Box-Girder

Bridge/Elevated Structures with CIP. Box-Girder/PC. Box-Girder on Superstructure type, the modern design of bridge structure, this structure is use in many construction project in Thailand such as;

- Expressway Stage 2
- BTS Elevated Structure
- Airport Rail Link
- MRT Purple Line/Blue Line
- Sri Rat Expressway
- Etc.





# Bridge Superstructure: Cast-In Placed Box-Girder



*Industrial Ring Road - STECON*



*Industrial Ring Road - STECON*

The method of construction Box Girder is separated into 2 type, one is by using “Movable Scaffolding System” and the other one is “Conventional Shoring”



# Bridge Superstructure: PC. Segmental Box-Girder



*SVB Airport Rail Link by Underslung Gantry – STECON & VSL*



*SVB Airport Rail Link by Overhead Gantry - STECON*

The Equipment that use to erection PC. Segmental Box Girder call “Launcher” which can separated into 2 type, one is “USG: Underslung Gantry” and the other one is “OHG: Over Head Gantry”





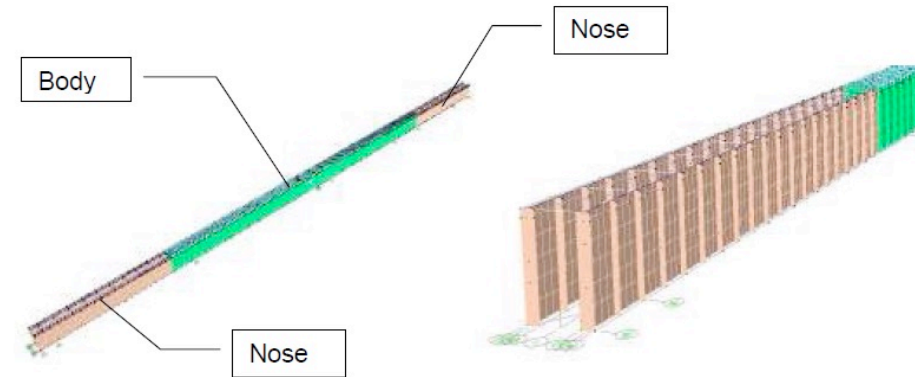
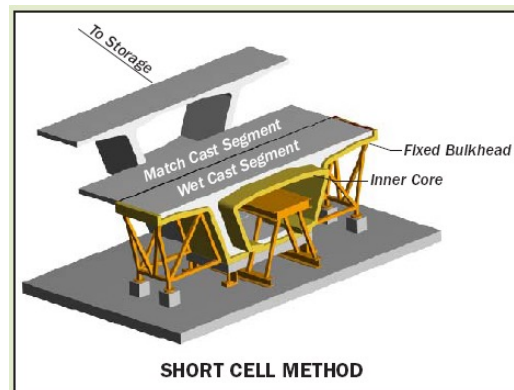
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## Experience in Box-Girder Bridge/Elevated Structure

# Experience in Box-Girder Bridge/Elevated Structure



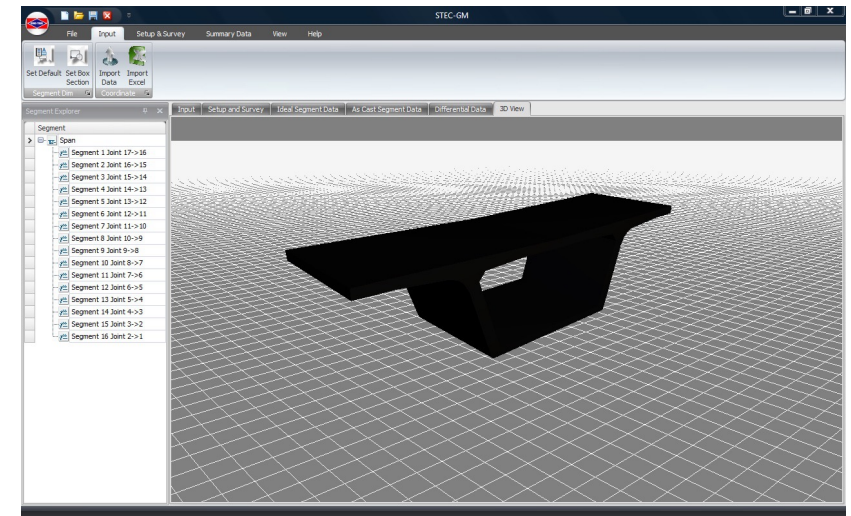
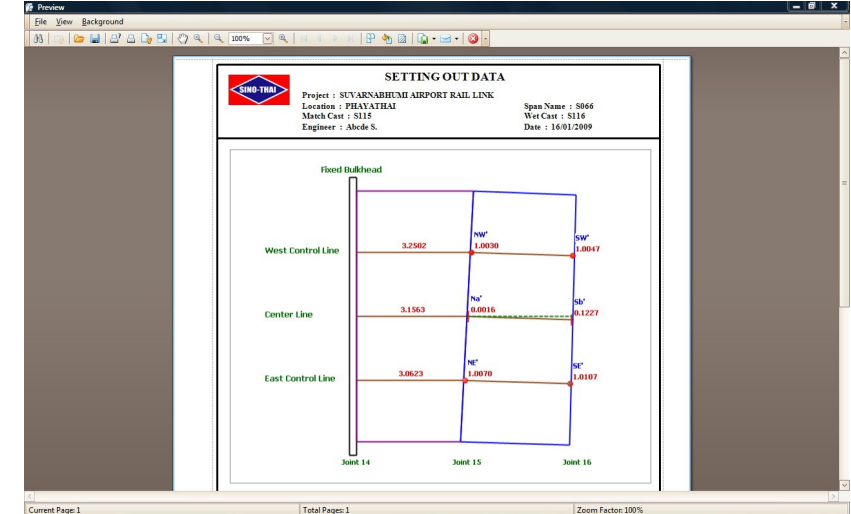
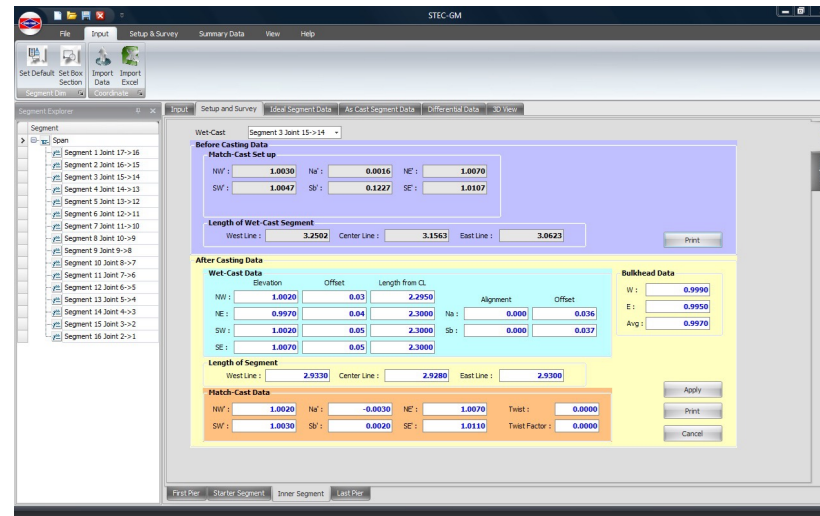
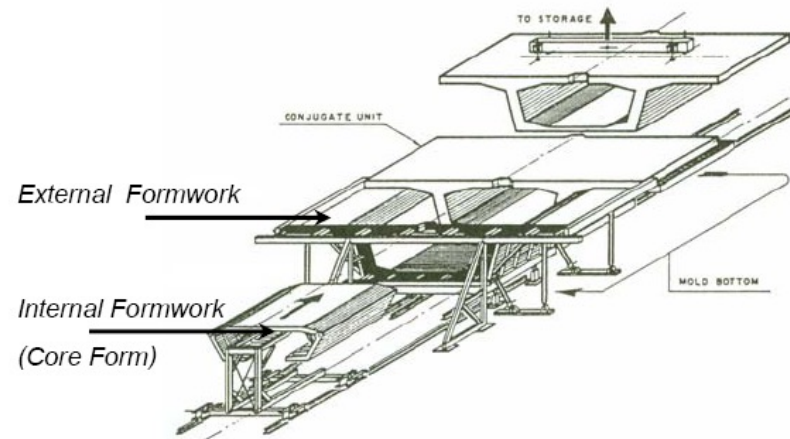
## Construction of Precast Segmental Box-Girder Span by Span Erection



# Precast Segmental Box-Girder: Segment Production

The segments for erection viaduct has produced by Short-Line Casting Method that need the method of Calculation to control alignment and profile of bridge structure call “Geometry Control”

STECON has developed “Geometry Control Software” for use to control our production of precast segmental box-girder erection, STEC-GM can generate Setting Out data for match cast segment and recheck As-casted Data for erection and control error of production in limitation of specification and practice code. It can show casted span in 3 Dimensional and show N,E,Z of As-Casted span compare to Span Layout

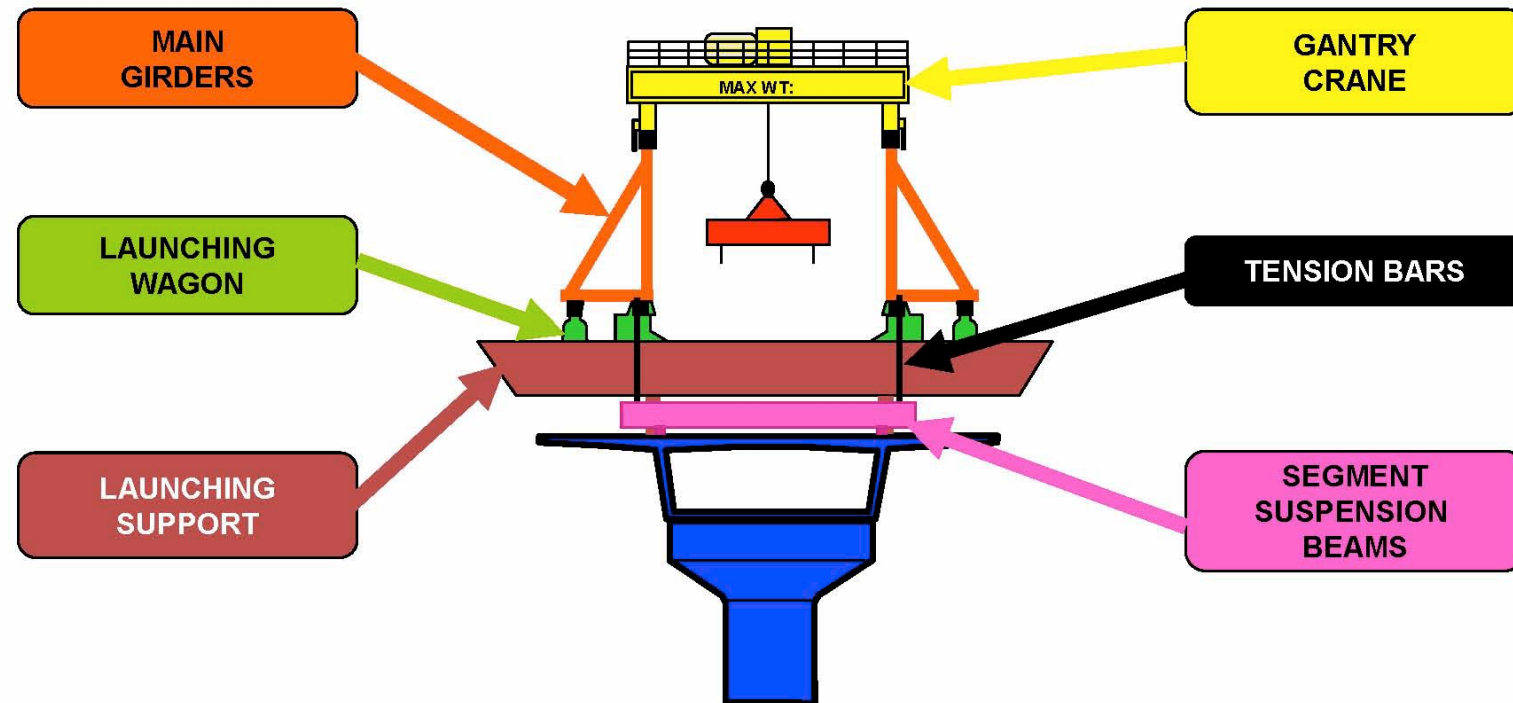
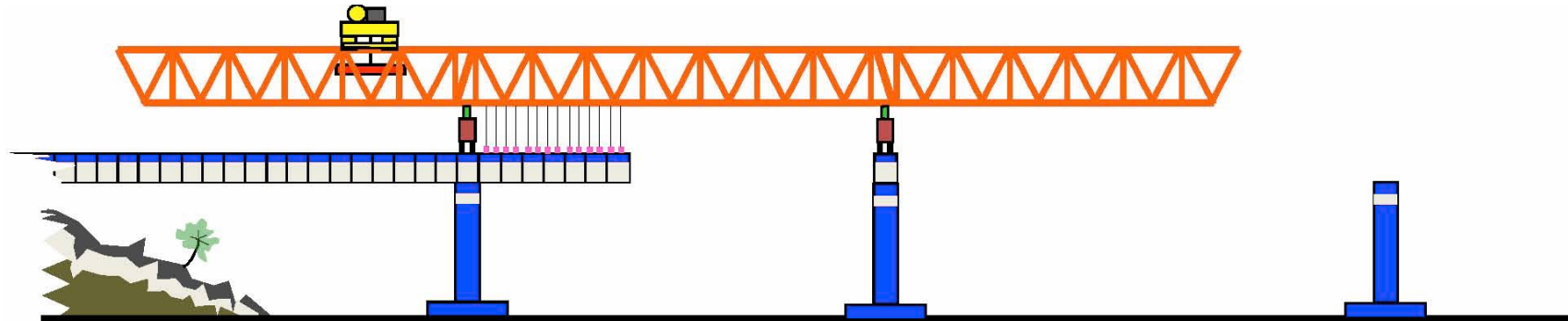








# Precast Segmental Box-Girder: Launcher Component





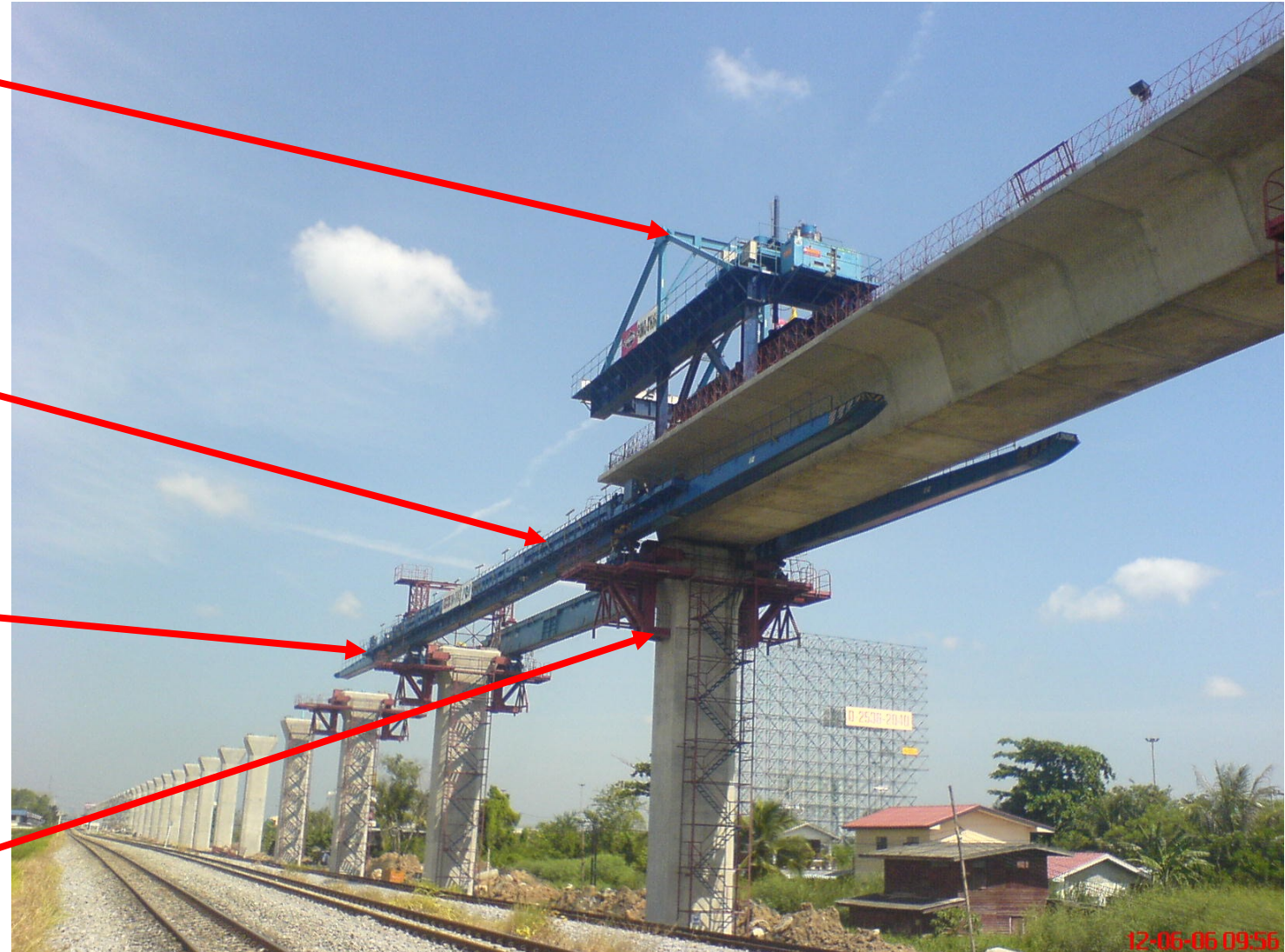
# Precast Segmental Box-Girder: Launcher Component

SEGMENT LOADER

MAIN GIRDER

STRESSING PLATFORM

PIER BRACKET

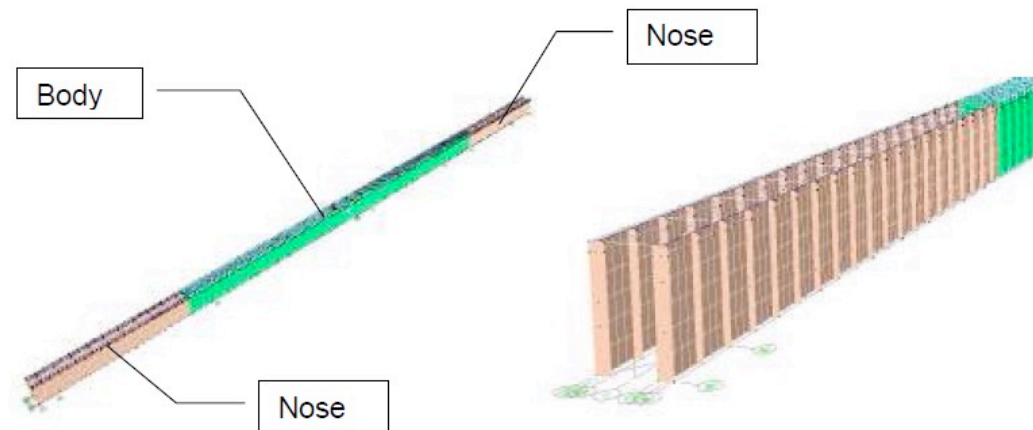


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# Precast Segmental Box-Girder: Launcher design concept





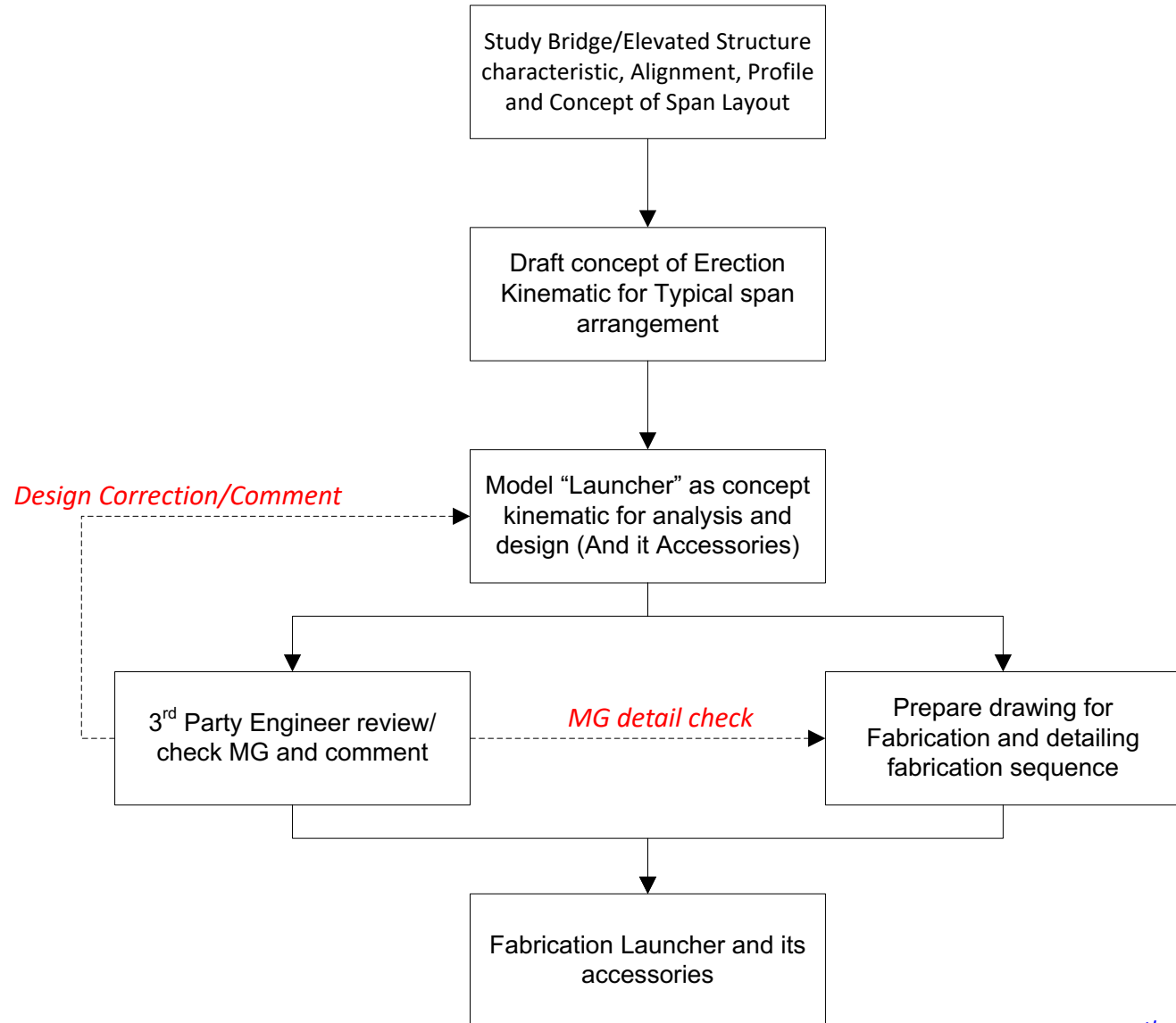
# Precast Segmental Box-Girder: Launcher design concept

Design process workflow of “Launcher” for erection works in every project of STECON as shown.

Structural analysis, design and detail of fabrication drawing by STECON engineer will be done and send to 3<sup>rd</sup> Party design firm to check before start fabrication.

The report of 3<sup>rd</sup> Party check will be considering into in depth of structural engineering such as review analysis by FEM: Finite Element Model, Local failure analysis, Stability analysis, Dynamic analysis of Free vibration response due to Launcher self weight, Joint connection capacity check, deflection check and Safety Factor check at each stage.

After report review and comment, Launcher Fabrication will be start and witness by Engineering Team & Launching Operation





# Precast Segmental Box-Girder: Launcher design concept

## DESIGN CRITERIA :

### 1. MATERIAL PROPERTIES :

Structural Steel ;	Grade A572Gr50	Yield Strength	$f_{ySS}$	=	345 MPa
		Ultimate Strength	$f_{uSS}$	=	450 MPa
		Modulus of Elasticity	$E_{SS}$	=	200,000 MPa
	Grade S45C	Yield Strength	$f_{ySH}$	=	400 MPa
		Ultimate Strength	$f_{uSH}$	=	650 MPa
		Modulus of Elasticity	$E_{SH}$	=	200,000 MPa
Stressing Bar ;	Grade 1050/1200	Yield Strength	$f_{yPT}$	=	1,050 MPa
		Ultimate Strength	$f_{uPT}$	=	1,200 MPa
		Modulus of Elasticity	$E_{SP}$	=	205,000 MPa
Weld Electrode ;	Grade E70	Ultimate Tensile Strength	$f_{UE70}$	=	480 MPa

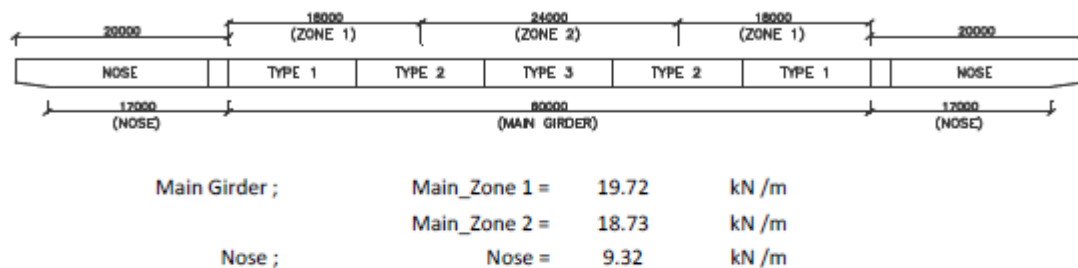
### 2. DESIGN REFERENCE :

1. American Institute of Steel Construction, Allowable Stress Design, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition
2. Engineering Institute of Thailand (E.I.T. Standard)
3. Steel Table for Contractor and Engineer (Tee Group of Engineers)

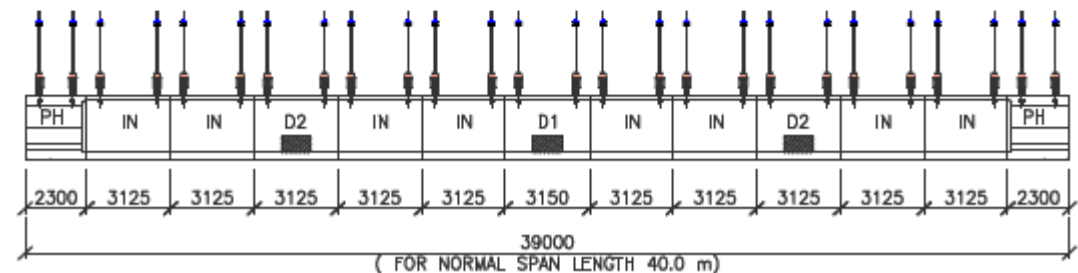
## MOVING STEP POSITION FOR CHECK STRESS :

- Step-1 for Erection Gantry Installation
- Step-2 for Load Segment ( By Unimoc )
- Step-3 for Lifting & Segment Installation
- Step-4 for Lowering Segment
- Step-5 for Movement of Erection Gantry ( Launching to next Step 1 )
- Step-6 for Movement of Erection Gantry ( Launching to next Step 2 )
- Step-7 for Movement of Erection Gantry ( Launching to next Step 3 )
- Step-8 for Setup Bracket Type 3 and Remove Bracket Type 1 ( Launching to next Step 4 )
- Step-9 for Remove Bracket Type 1 to Setup on Next Pier ( Launching to next Step 5 )
- Step-10 for Cantilever to next span & Installation of Bracket on next span

### Load Case 1 , LC1 : Selfweight of Gantry



### Load Case 2 , LC2 : Segment weight Type DH21 (Max.of Segment weight in Purple Line Project)



## Example of Calculation detail

- Design Criteria
- Load Case calculation

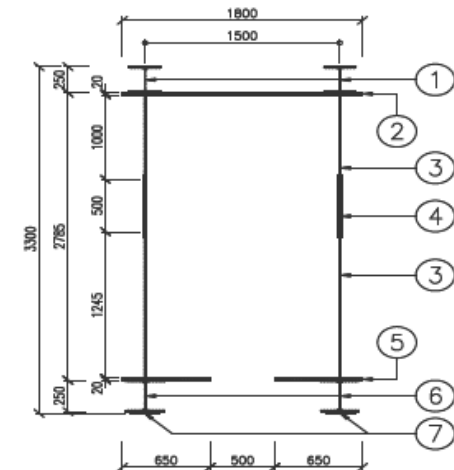


# Precast Segmental Box-Girder: Launcher design concept

## Sections Properties - Erection Gantry\_Main Member

X - Axis							
NO.	h	b	A	dy	Ix-x	D	A*D <sup>2</sup>
	(cm)	(cm)	(cm <sup>2</sup> )	(cm)	(cm <sup>4</sup> )	(cm, ref. N.A.)	
Member 1	1.40	50.00	70.00	329.30	11.43	162.63	1,851,294.79
Member 2	22.20	1.80	39.96	317.50	1,641.16	150.83	909,023.88
Member 3	1.40	50.00	70.00	305.70	11.43	139.03	1,352,967.18
Member 4	2.00	180.00	360.00	304.00	120.00	137.33	6,788,990.06
Member 5	100.00	2.40	240.00	253.00	200,000.00	86.33	1,788,503.99
Member 6	124.50	2.40	298.80	90.75	385,956.23	75.92	1,722,439.37
Member 7	2.00	130.00	260.00	27.50	86.67	139.17	5,036,077.41
Member 8	1.40	50.00	70.00	25.80	11.43	140.87	1,389,192.82
Member 9	22.20	1.80	39.96	14.00	1,641.16	152.67	931,447.17
Member 10	1.40	50.00	70.00	2.20	11.43	164.47	1,893,629.21
Member 11	1.50	44.00	66.00	0.75	12.38	165.92	1,817,041.00
Member 12							

<b>Total ;</b>	H =	330.00	cm	C.G.(Y) =	166.67	cm
	Ag =	1584.7200	cm <sup>2</sup>	Ic.g. =	0.2607	m <sup>4</sup>
	r =	1.6451	m			
	Ct =	1.6333	m	St =	0.1596	m <sup>3</sup>
	Cb =	1.6667	m	Sb =	0.1564	m <sup>3</sup>
				W ( Ton/m )	1.24	
				W+35%(Ton/m)	1.68	



### MARK NO.

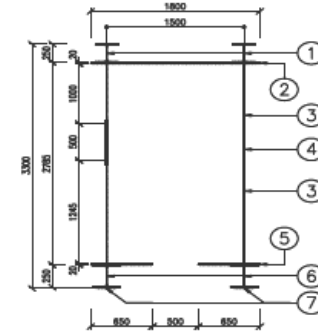
- NO. 1 = H-250x250x9x14, 72.4 kg/m ( Top Member )
- NO. 2 = PL 20 mm Thk. ( Top Plate )
- NO. 3 = PL 12 mm Thk. ( Web Plate )
- NO. 4 = Hole Dia. 500 mm
- NO. 5 = PL 20 mm Thk. ( Bottom Plate )
- NO. 6 = H-250x250x9x14, 72.4 kg/m ( Bottom Member )
- NO. 7 = PL 15 mm Thk. ( Lower Plate )

\* All Dimensions are in Millimeters

## Example of Calculation detail

- Section properties
- Joint Connection

### Design Joint Connection :



### Sections Properties :

A =	0.1585	m <sup>2</sup>
A <sub>y</sub> =	0.0610	m <sup>2</sup>
I <sub>x</sub> =	0.2607	m <sup>4</sup>
St =	0.1596	m <sup>3</sup>
Sb =	0.1564	m <sup>3</sup>

### Critical Section

#### Moment capacity ;

Use min value of M to control the design

Allowable , Fb =	207.00	Mpa
Top fiber , Mt =	33.04	MN-m
Bottom fiber , Mb =	32.37	MN-m
Thus , Design Moment capacity of Joint =	34.00	MN-m

#### Shear capacity ;

Use A<sub>y</sub> of Section to control the design

Allowable , Fv =	138.00	Mpa
Area , A =	0.06	m <sup>2</sup>
Shear , V =	8.42	MN
Thus , Design Shear capacity of Joint =	9.00	MN

#### Moment design ;

Use HSTR Bar Tensile Strength Dia. 75 mm

Material Properties :	F <sub>y</sub> =	1,050.00	Mpa
	F <sub>u</sub> =	1,200.00	Mpa
	E =	205,000.00	Mpa
	Elongation =	10.00	%
For Dia 75 mm :	100% F <sub>y</sub> =	4,561.00	kN
	70% F <sub>u</sub> =	3,649.00	kN ( Working Load )

Prestressing Force ( 10% of Working Load ) =	364.90	kN
Thus , Remain capacity =	3.28	kN / Bar

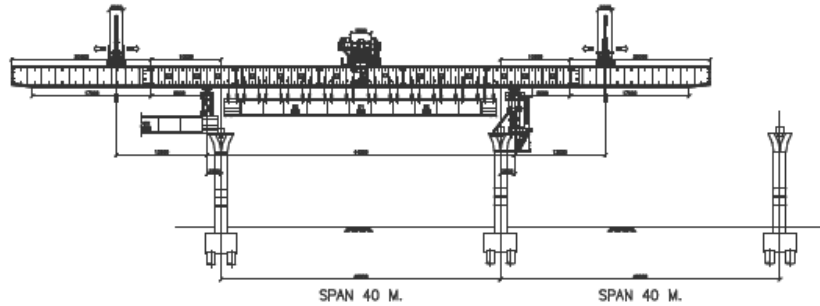
Trial Moment arm , R =	2.40	m
Force , T =	14.17	MN
No. of Stress Bar =	4.31	Piece

Use Stress Bar , No. = 5.00 Piece

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# Precast Segmental Box-Girder: Launcher design concept

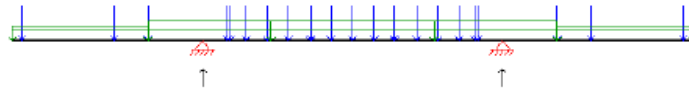
Check Stage-3 : Launching Span 40.0 m to Span 40.0 m



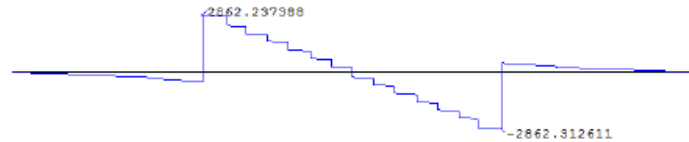
Stage-3 : Lifting & Segment Installation

COMB3 : LC1 + (1.3xLC2) + LC4 + LC5 + LC6 + (1.3xLC7) + LC9

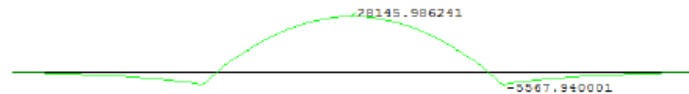
Reactions - kN, kN m



Shear - kN



Moment - kN m



Summary : Analysis Results\_COMB3 (Span 40.0 m to Span 40.0 m)

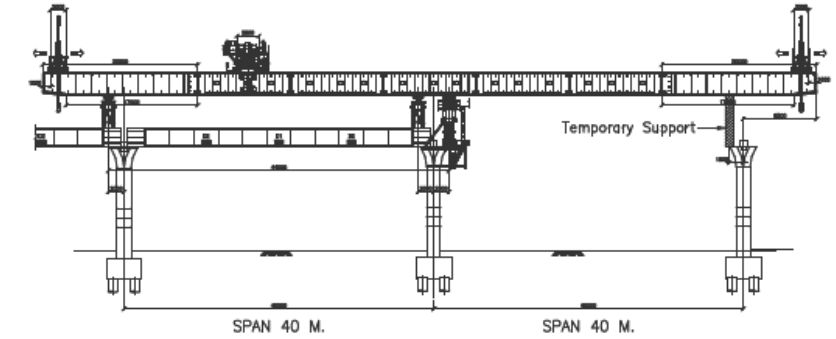
Reaction ( kN )		Shear ( kN )		Moment ( kN - m )	
R1	R2	V-	V+	M-	M+
3,333.38	3,333.38	2,862.32	2,862.32	5,567.94	28,146.00

Max.Deflection :  $\Delta_{max} = 103.36$  mm

## Example of Calculation detail

- Erection stage
- Launching stage

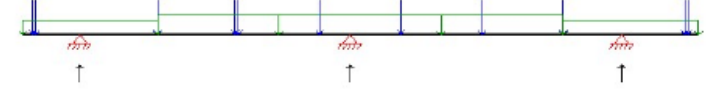
Check Stage-8 : Launching Span 40.0 m to Span 40.0 m



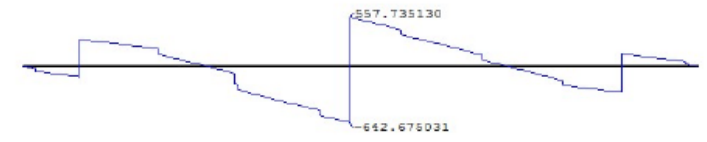
Stage-8 : Setup Bracket Type 3 and Remove Bracket Type 1 ( Launching to next Step 4 )

COMB8 : LC1 + LC4 + LC5 + LC6 + LC9

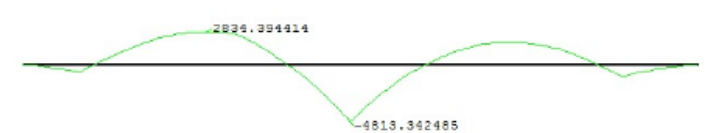
Reactions - kN, kN m



Shear - kN



Moment - kN m



Summary : Analysis Results\_COMB8 (Span 40.0 m to Span 40.0 m)

Reaction ( kN )			Shear ( kN )		Moment ( kN - m )	
R1	R2	R3	V-	V+	M-	M+
423.79	1,200.41	442.42	642.68	557.74	4,813.34	2,834.39

Max.Deflection :  $\Delta_{max} = 8.14$  mm





**Launching Span 40.0 m to Span 40.0 m :**

**Launching Span 35.0 m to Span 40.0 m :**

**Summary Maximum :**

Reaction (R) = 3,333.38 kN

Shear (V-) = 2,887.28 kN

Shear (V+) = 2.887.28 kN

Moment (M-) = 6.748.37 kN - m

Moment (M+) = 28.146.00 kN - m

Max.Deflection (  $\Delta_{max}$  )= 103.36 mm

### Example of Calculation detail

- Summary analysis result
- Design of MG

### Plate Girder Design :

- Designed Force Considered in the Design

- Determination of Design Criteria and Section Type

- Computation of Allowable Bending Stress;  $F_b$

- Computation of Reduced Allowable Bending Stress in Compression Flange;  $F_{br}$

- Computation of Allowable Shear Stress;  $F_v$

<b>Web Slenderness Limitation :</b>					
Transverse Stiffener Requirement	$h/t_w =$	<b>230.00</b>	$h/t_w <$	<b>260</b>	<b>NOT REQUIRED</b>
Max. Intermediate Web Stiff. Spacing	$a/h =$	<b>6280</b>	mm.		
	$h(260/(h/t_w))^2 =$	<b>3527</b>	mm.		
Intermediate Stiffener Spacing	$a/h =$	<b>0.18</b>	$< 1$		
	$q/h =$	<b>0.18</b>			<b>CONTROLLED WITH TENSION FIELD ACTION</b>
• IF $a/h \leq 1.50$	$11.74(E/F_y)^{0.5}$	<b>282.67</b>			
• IF $a/h > 1.50$	$0.48E/(F_y F_u)^{0.5}$	<b>-</b>			
(SE/F <sub>y</sub> ) <sup>0.5</sup> = <b>59.84</b>	$h/t_w =$	<b>230.00</b>	$h/t_w <$	<b>260</b>	<b>PASS</b>
• IF $a/h < 1$	$4.00 + 5.34/(a/h)^2$	$k_v =$	<b>166.711936</b>		
• IF $a/h > 1$	$5.34 + 4.00/(a/h)^2$	$k_v =$	<b>-</b>		
	$1.59 E_y/[h(t_w)^2 F_y C_u]$	$C_u =$	<b>-</b>		
	$1.12(W_x/E F_y)^{0.667}/[h(t_w) C_u]$	$C_u =$	<b>1.51</b>		
	$(F_y/2.89)[C_u + (1-C_u)/(1.15(1+(a/h)^2)^{0.667})] F_y$	$C_u =$	<b>128.23</b>	MPa	
	$C_u F_y/2.89$	$F_y =$	<b>-</b>	MPa	: when $a/h > \text{Min}(3.0, [260/(h/t_w)]^2)$ and $h/t_w > (SE/F_y)^{0.5}$
	$0.40 F_y$	$F_y =$	<b>-</b>	MPa	: when $h/t_w \leq (SE/F_y)^{0.5}$

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# Precast Segmental Box-Girder: Launcher design concept

## Check Bottom Member form Concentrated Load :

Point Load :	P =	3,333.38	kg	(Max.Reaction)
Material Properties :	Fy =	3,250.00	ksc	
	E =	2,040,000.00	ksc	
Section Properties :	d =	25.00	cm	
	b =	25.00	cm	
	tf =	1.00	cm	
	tw =	1.00	cm	
	r =	1.80	cm	
	k =	3.30	cm	
	N =	3.30	cm	( Use min. = k )

## Check Web Yielding ;

### A) Load on mid span ( > d/2 )

$f_{bearing}$ =	192.68	ksc	<	2,145.00	ksc	O.K.
				( 0.66Fy )		

### B) On support

$f_{bearing}$ =	323.63	ksc	<	2,145.00	ksc	O.K.
				( 0.66Fy )		

## Check Web Crippling ;

### A) Load on mid span ( > d/2 )

P max. =	45,467.61	kg	>	3,333.38	kg	O.K.
----------	-----------	----	---	----------	----	------

### B) On support ( < d/2 )

P max. =	22,733.81	kg	>	3,333.38	kg	O.K.
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## Check Sidesway Web Buckling ;

L =	100.00	cm
dc =	18.40	cm
( dc/tw ) / ( L/bf ) =	4.60	

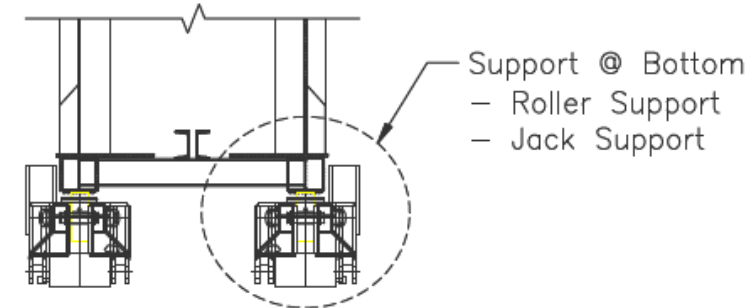
### A) When ( dc/tw ) / ( L/bf ) ≤ 2.3 with Bracing

P max. =	762,523.41	kg	>	3,333.38	kg	O.K.
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### B) When ( dc/tw ) / ( L/bf ) ≤ 1.7 with Bracing

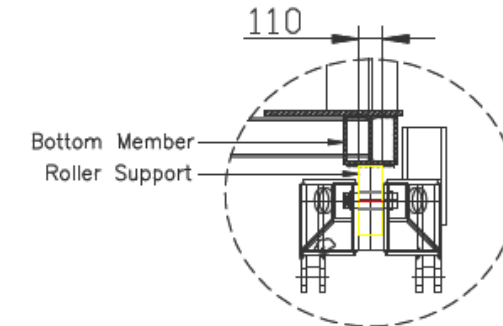
P max. =	743,429.01	kg	>	3,333.38	kg	O.K.
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## Detail Support @ Bottom Member :

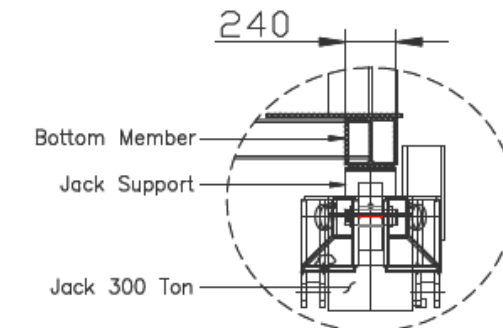


## Example of Calculation detail

- Check concentrate Load
- Design support



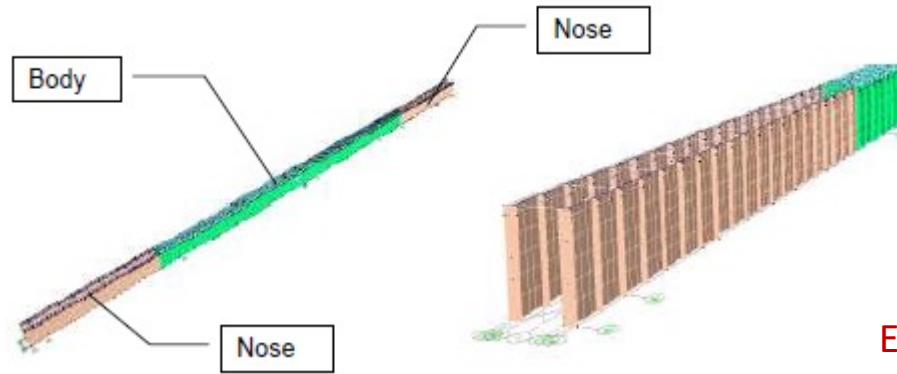
DETAIL SETUP ON LAUNCHING



DETAIL SETUP ON STANDING



# Precast Segmental Box-Girder: Launcher design concept



Example of 3<sup>rd</sup> Party check

- FEM analysis check
- Dynamic response

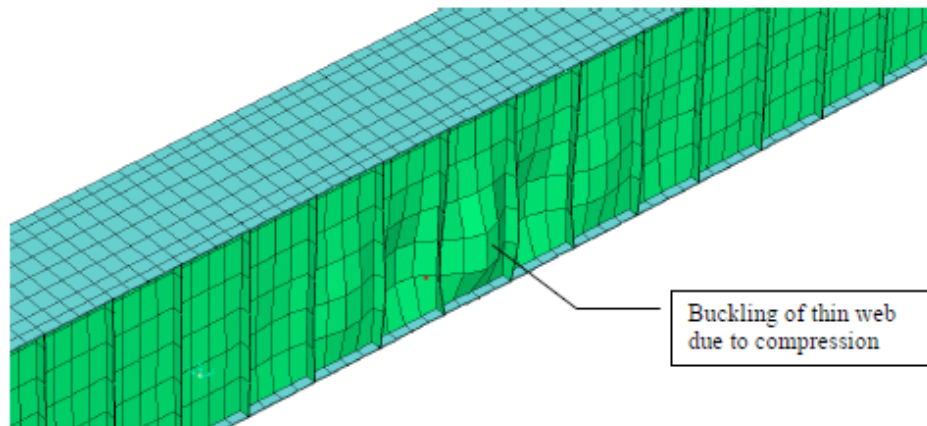


Figure 3.10 Lowest buckling mode: Local bend buckling of gantry web

Deformed Shape (MODAL) - Mode 2 - Period 0.97150

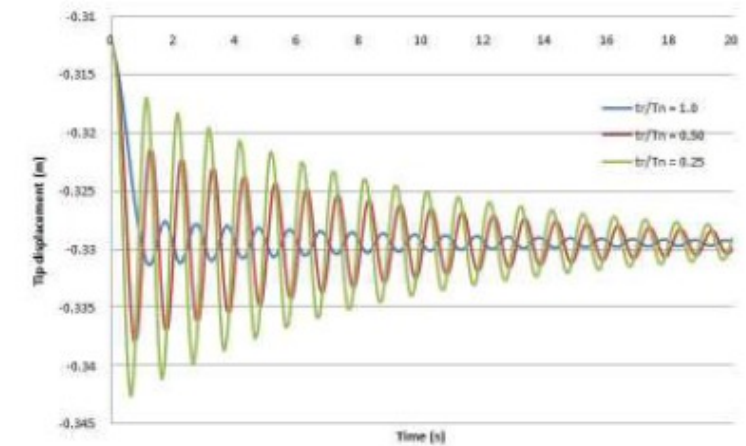


Figure 3.8 Time history of tip displacement for various  $t_r / T_n$  (Stage IV.1)



# Precast Segmental Box-Girder: Launcher Accessories



*RS - Roller Support*



*LCB – Lower Cross Beam*



*LSU - Lowering Span Unit*





*PB - Pier Bracket*



*WF - Winch Frame*



# Precast Segmental Box-Girder: Accessories design

 <b>SINO-THAI ENGINEERING&amp;CONSTRUCTION PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED</b> 	PROJECT MRT Purple Line Contract 2	SUBJECT Roller Support Calculation (RS)	
	DESIGN BY	DATE:	JOB NO. J2345-0-C
	CHECK BY	DATE:	SHEET 1 OF
	Engineering Service Section		

## 1. Design Criteria:

- ca) Structural Analysis - Linear Elastic FEM Method
- cb) Structural Steel Code - AISC-A5089
  - Standard Specifications for Highway Bridge AASHTO

## (C) Material Properties & Specification

- Structural Steel & Plate	Grade SS400/SM400	$P_y = 235 \text{ MPa}$ $P_u = 400 \text{ MPa}$
- Shaft / Pin	Grade S45C	$f_y = 400 \text{ MPa}$ $f_u = 550 \text{ MPa}$
- Bolt & Nuts	Grade A325/F8.8	$f_y = 800 \text{ MPa}$ $f_u = 980 \text{ MPa}$
- Weld Electrode	Grade E70	

## 2. Analysis Procedure:

Calculation detail show in "SINO-CAL-02-EV-TE-0003, 7 Jan 2011"

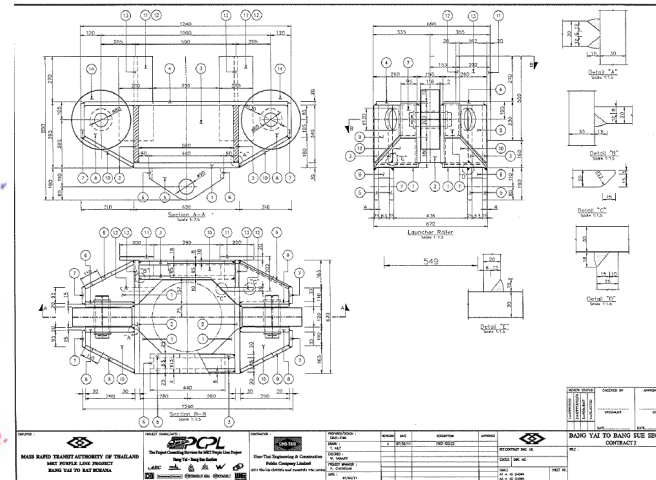
design PCPL grade "Code 1" by "RPL/C2/SINO-THAI/1-0241-2011, 14 Feb 2011"

## ca) Load Combination:

- ST01 : U1 Erector Gantry Installation.
- ST02 : U2 Lifting & Segment Installation.
- ST03 : U3 Launching Segment
- ST04 : U4 Movement at Erector Gantry
- ST05 : U5 Setup Bracket Type II and Remove Bracket Type I
- ST06 : U6 Remove Bracket Type I to setup on next pier.
- ST07 : U7 Cantilever to span next & Installation Bracket



Erection Stage

Launching Stage



## RS – Roller Support Calculation

- Design Criteria
- STR Model and Load Case

 <b>SINO-THAI ENGINEERING&amp;CONSTRUCTION PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED</b> 	PROJECT MRT Purple Line Contract 2	SUBJECT Roller Support Calculation (RS)	
	DESIGN BY	DATE:	JOB NO. J2345-0-C
	CHECK BY	DATE:	SHEET 2 OF
	Engineering Service Section		

## cb) Summary Reaction at load combination:

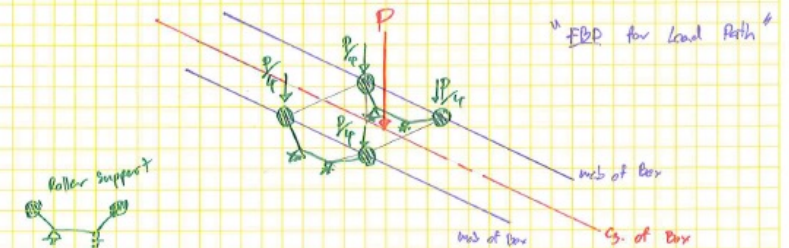
For Roller Support (RS) we only consider load combinations U4, U5, U6 and U7 because other operation at erection stage, The Erector Gantry will be laid down on Hydraulic Jacks.

Launching Stage

Launching Direction

Load Combination	$R_1$	$R_2$	$R_3$
	kN	kN	kN
U4	483	1,202	341
U5	424	1,201	443
U6	389	1,085	541
U7	341	1,041	621
max.	483	1,202	621

Thus, from table we get max. load for RS design at 1,202 kN  
 $\therefore$  the P that act on 1 roller =  $1,202 / 4 = 300.5 \text{ kN}$   
 use "300 kN" for design value





# Precast Segmental Box-Girder: Accessories design

 <b>PROJECT</b> MRT Purple Line Contract 2 SINO-THAI ENGINEERING&CONSTRUCTION PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED  <b>Engineering Service Section</b>	<b>SUBJECT</b> Lower Crossbeam Calculation (LCB)	
	<b>DESIGN BY</b>	<b>DATE:</b>
	<b>CHECK BY</b>	<b>DATE:</b>
	<b>JOB NO.</b> J.2345-0-C <b>SHEET</b> 2 <b>OF</b> ...	

cb) Load Combination;

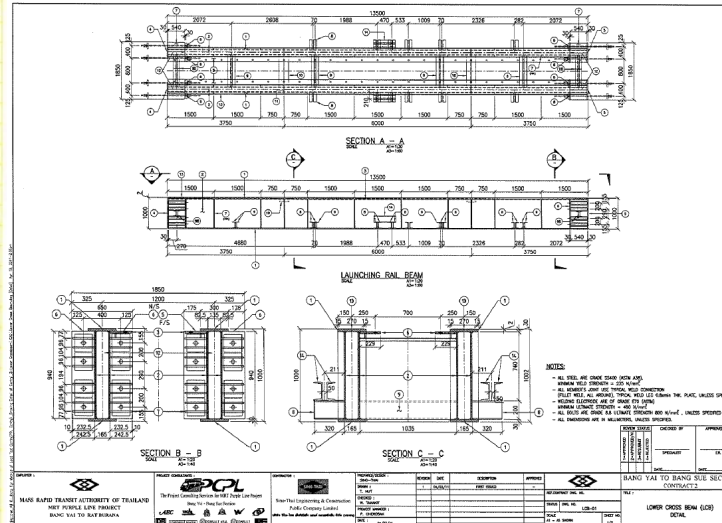
- Stage 01: U1 Erection Gantry Installation
- Stage 02: U2 Lifting & Segment Installation
- Stage 03: U3 Launching Segment
- Stage 04: U4 Movement of Erection Gantry
- Stage 05: U5 Setup Brackets Type III and Remove Bracket Type I
- Stage 06: U6 Remove Bracket Type I to setup on next pier
- Stage 07: U7 Conclude to open vias & Installation Bracket



cc) Summary Reaction at Load Combination:

cc1) Erection stage.		cc2) Launching Stage.	
→ Launching Direction		→ Launching Direction	
$R_1$	$R_2$	$R_1$	$R_2$
Load Combination	$R_1$ (kN)	$R_2$ (kN)	$R_3$ (kN)
U1	1,042	1,042	- (Erect)
U2	3,334	3,334	- (Erect)
U3	3,334	3,334	- (Erect)
U4	483	1,242	341 (Launch)
U5	424	1,201	443 (Launch)
U6	389	1,083	546 (Launch)
U7	341	1,071	671 (Launch)
Case Max.	3,334	3,334	671

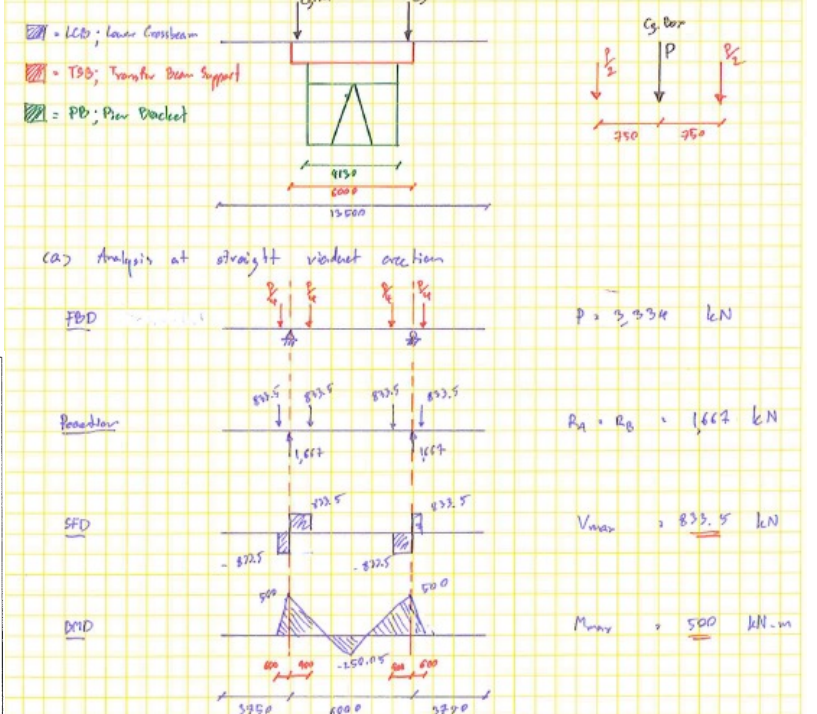
## LCB – Lower Cross Beam

- Load Case and Combination
- STR Model and Analysis



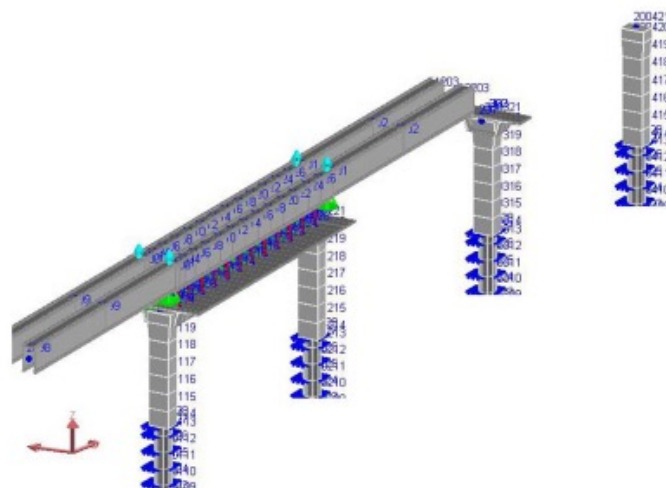
 <b>PROJECT</b> MRT Purple Line Contract 2 SINO-THAI ENGINEERING&CONSTRUCTION PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED  <b>Engineering Service Section</b>	<b>SUBJECT</b> Lower Crossbeam Calculation (LCB)	
	<b>DESIGN BY</b>	<b>DATE:</b>
	<b>CHECK BY</b>	<b>DATE:</b>
	<b>JOB NO.</b> J.2345-0-C <b>SHEET</b> 3 <b>OF</b> ...	

g. Model & Analysis:











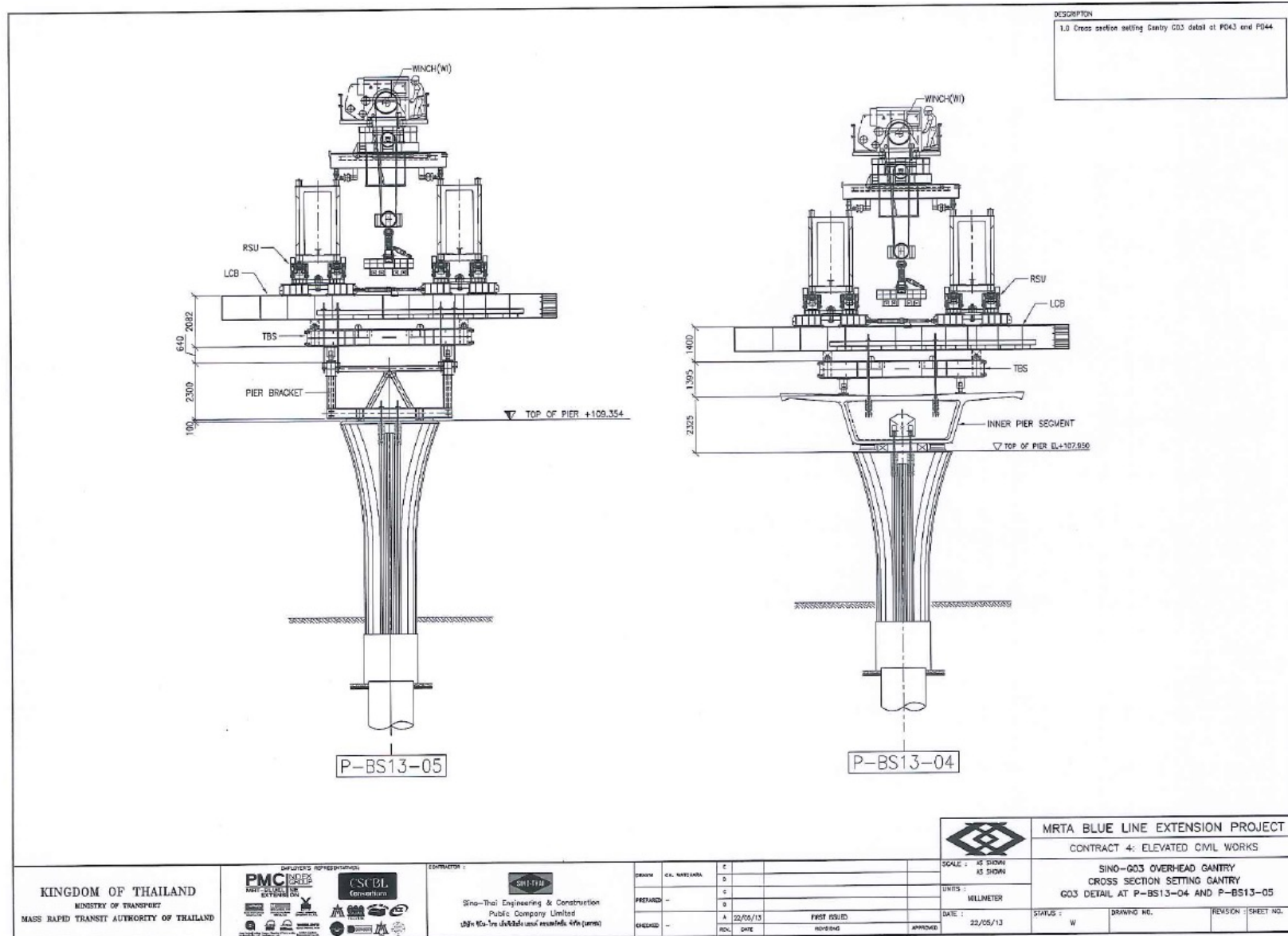




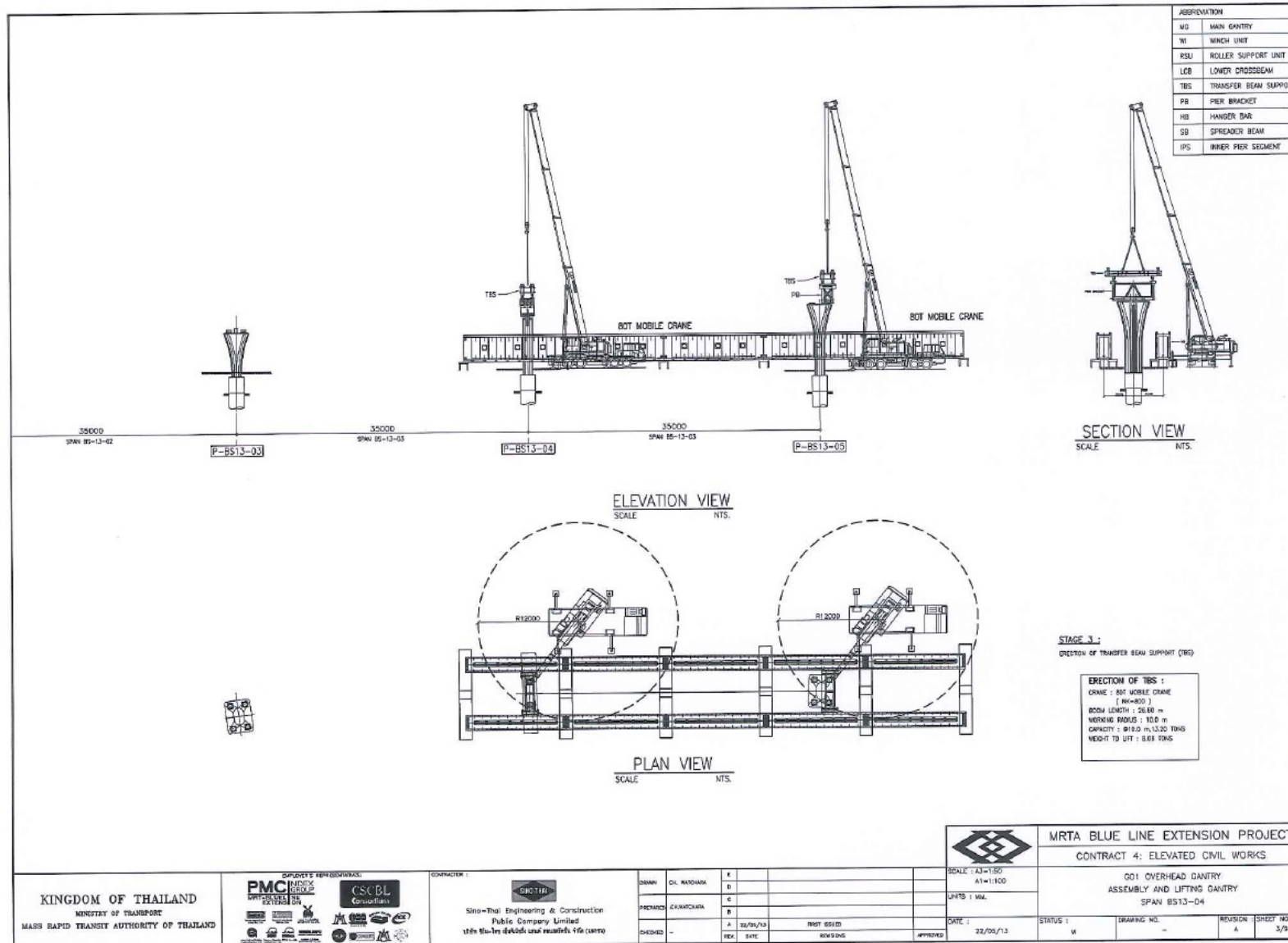




# Precast Segmental Box-Girder: Launcher – Assembly

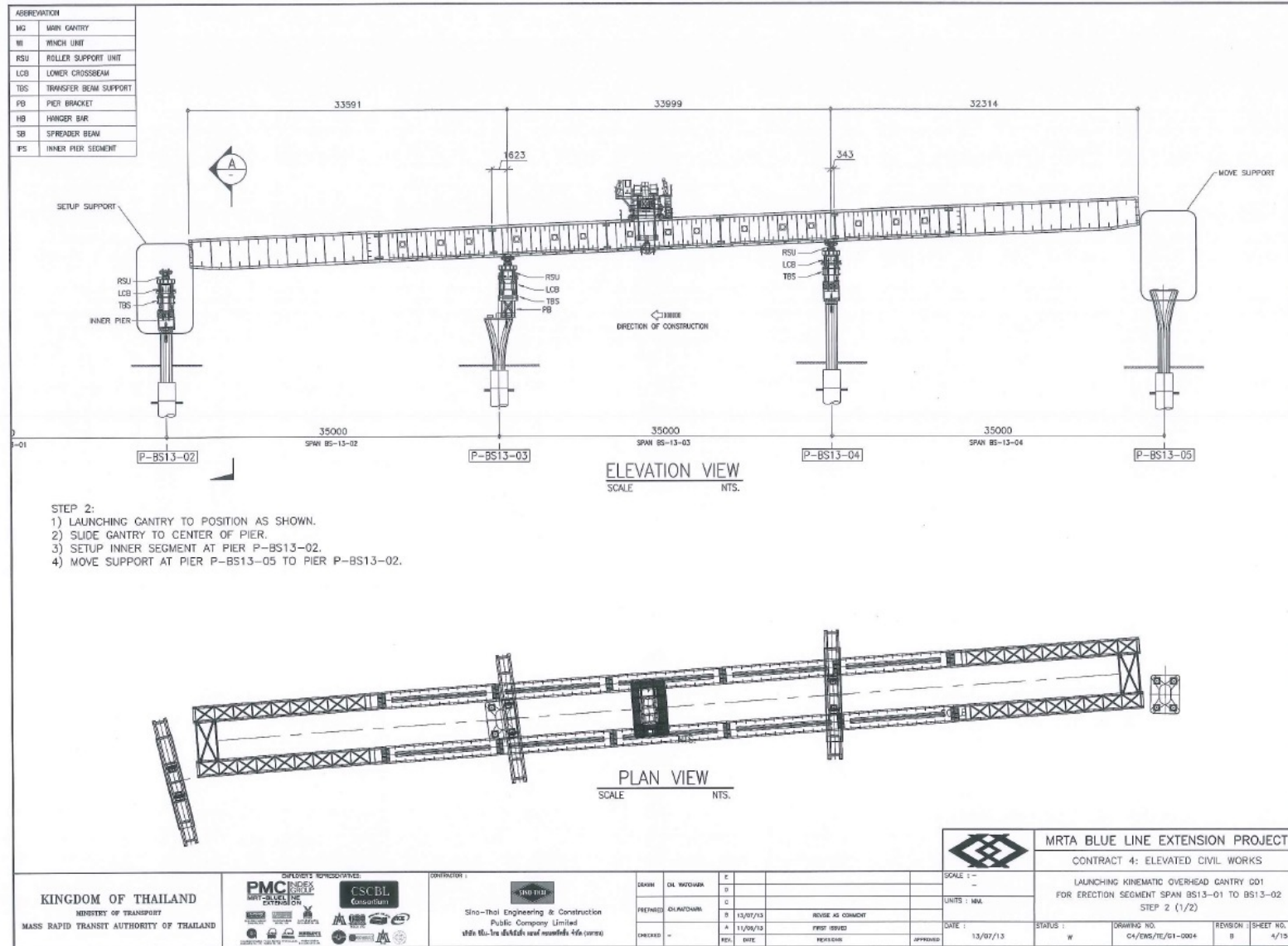


# Precast Segmental Box-Girder: Launcher – Assembly

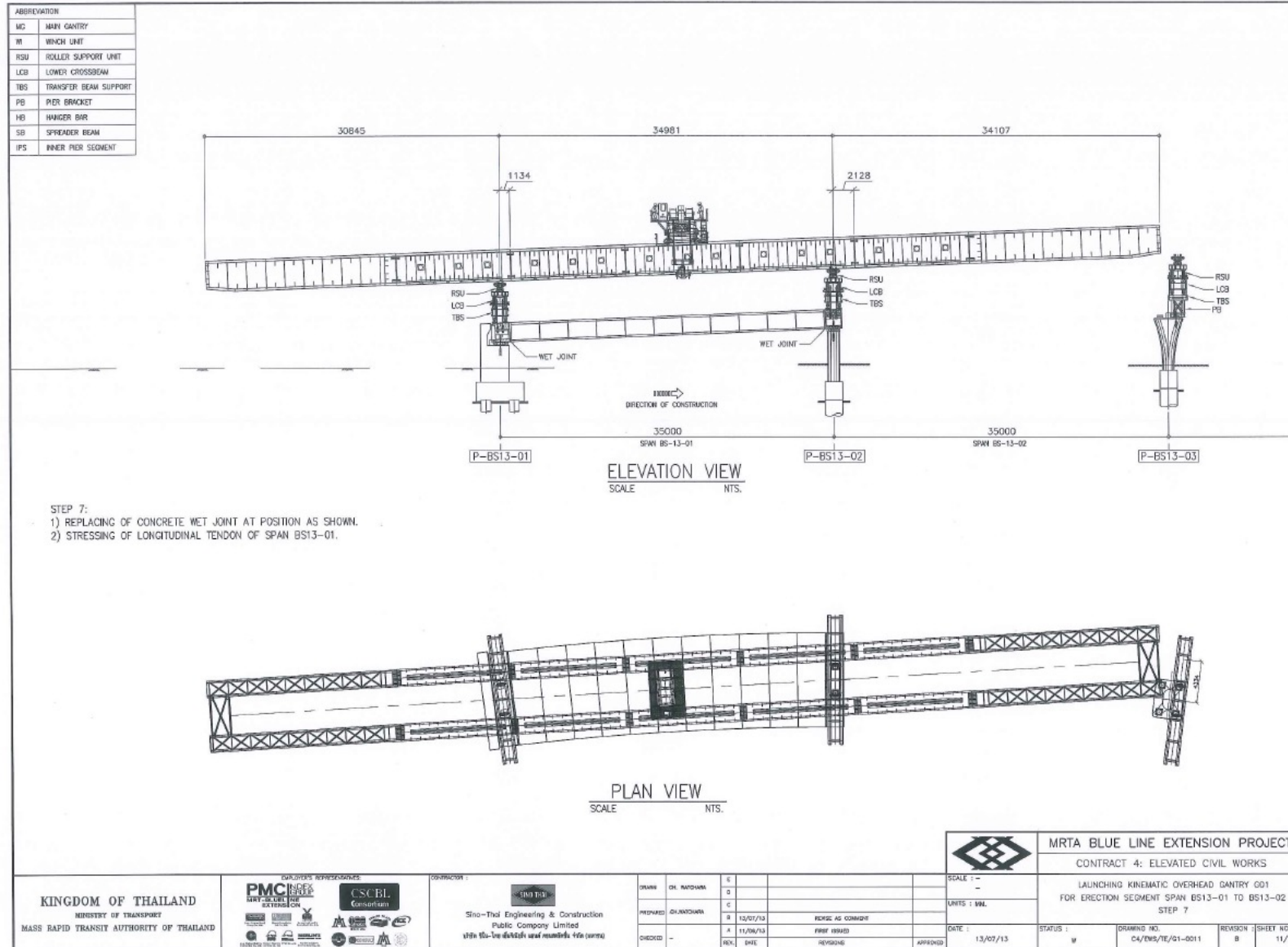




# Precast Segmental Box-Girder: Launcher - Kinematic

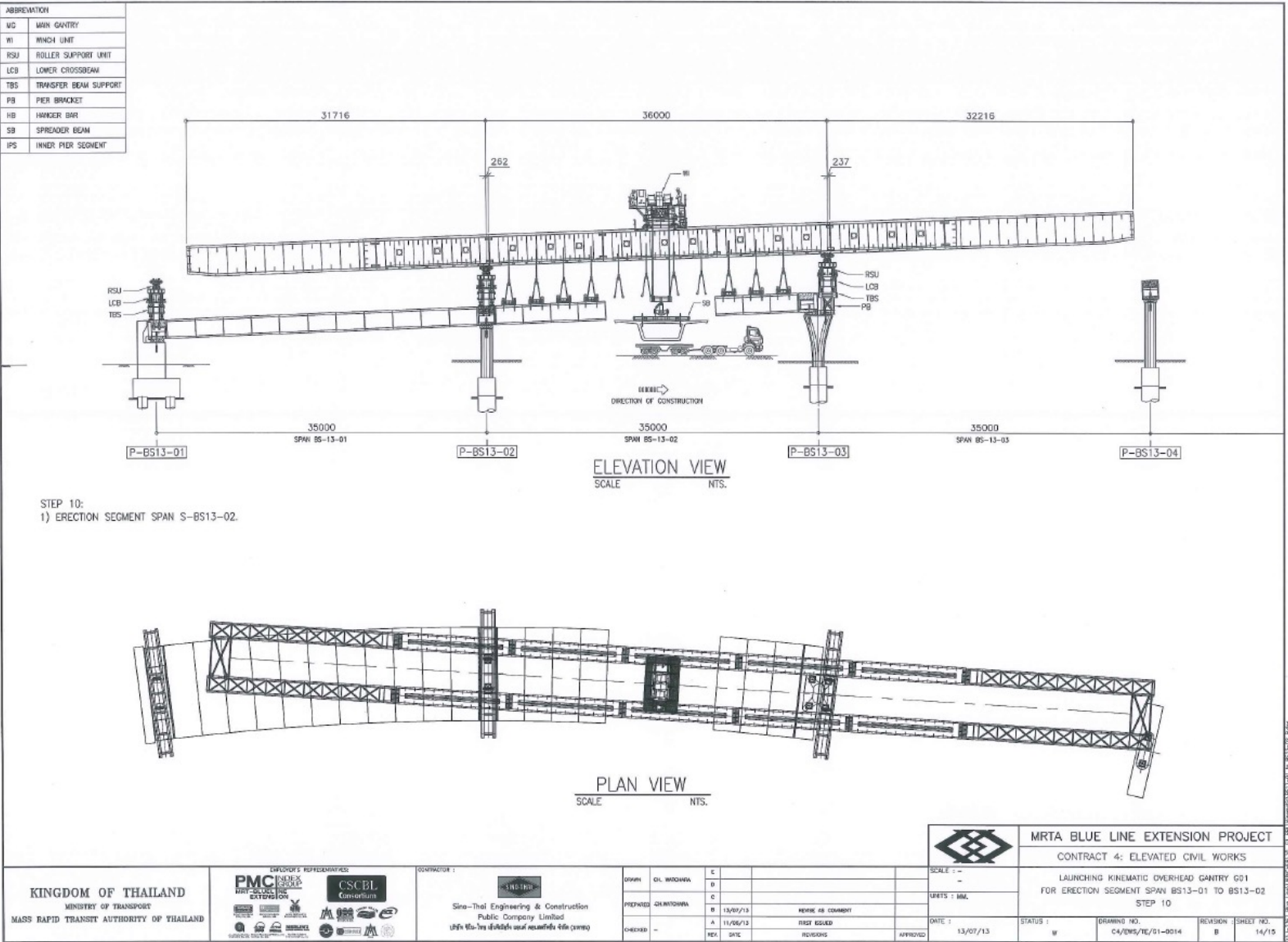


# Precast Segmental Box-Girder: Launcher - Kinematic





# Precast Segmental Box-Girder: Launcher - Kinematic









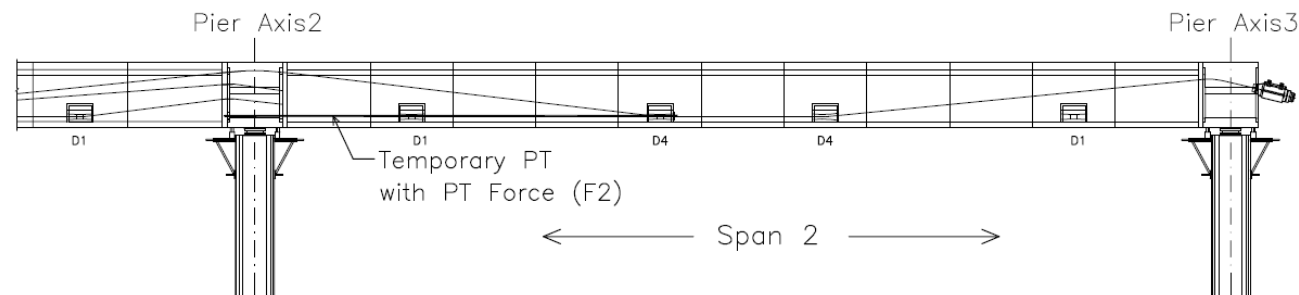
# Precast Segmental Box-Girder: Erection Load Transfer

## Load Transfer Procedure: SPAN 2 (35 m)

- 2.1 Lift up segments and hang to suspension bars.
- 2.2 Aligning and joining segments to final position.
- 2.3 Apply temporary force to closed segment and the shimming in wet joint.
- 2.4 Cast wet joint.
- 2.5 Initial Stressing of tendon T3 to 5% of specified stressing force.
- 2.6 Release the temporary force and the shimming in wet joint.
- 2.7 Stressing of tendon T3 to 10% of specified stressing force.
- 2.8 Stressing of Temporary force(F2) with 2-PT Bar Between Pier Axis2 to Deviator(D2) of span 2 ( Apply force on PT-Bar= 800 KN/ EA)
- 2.9 Stressing of tendon T3 to 50% of specified stressing force.
- 2.10 Stressing of tendon T3 to 100% of specified stressing force.
- 2.11 Stressing of tendon T4 to 100% of specified stressing force.
- 2.12 Lower Gantry by release jacks force at each step +10% from record pressure.
- 2.13 The span is fully load transferred from Gantry on to both pier segment.
- 2.14 Remove all hanger bars and connection beams.

## Load Transfer Procedure: SPAN 3 (35 m)

- 3.1 Lift up segments and hang to suspension bars.
- 3.2 Aligning and joining segments to final position.
- 3.3 Apply temporary force to closed segment and the shimming in wet joint.
- 3.4 Cast wet joint.
- 3.5 Initial Stressing of tendon T4' to 5% of specified stressing force.
- 3.6 Release the temporary force and the shimming in wet joint.
- 3.7 Stressing of tendon T4' to 25% of specified stressing force.
- 3.8 Stressing of tendon T4' to 100% of specified stressing force.
- 3.9 Stressing of tendon T2' to 100% of specified stressing force.
- 3.10 Remove Temporary PT Bar at Span2
- 3.11 Lower Gantry by release jacks force at each step 10% from record pressure.
- 3.12 The span is fully load transferred from Gantry on to span support jacks.
- 3.13 Remove all hanger bars and connection beams.
- 3.14 Stressing of tendon T1', T3' to 100% of specified stressing force.
- 3.15 Completed span Erection.



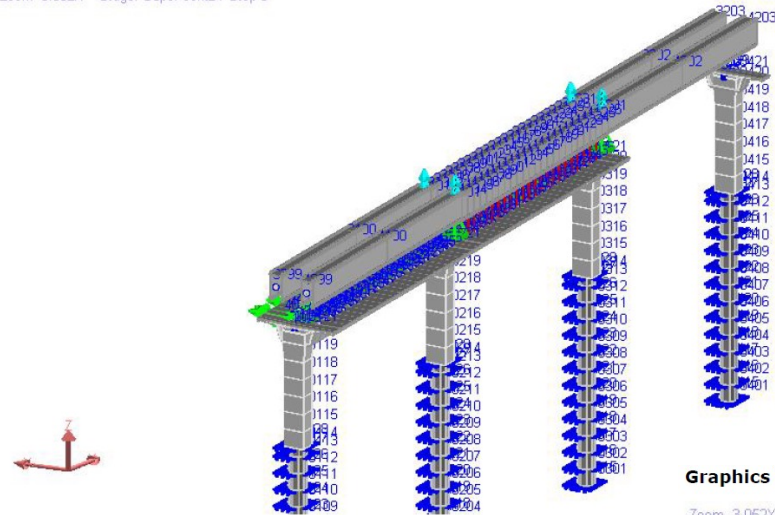
Temporary PT during Erecting Span 2



# Precast Segmental Box-Girder: Erection Load Transfer

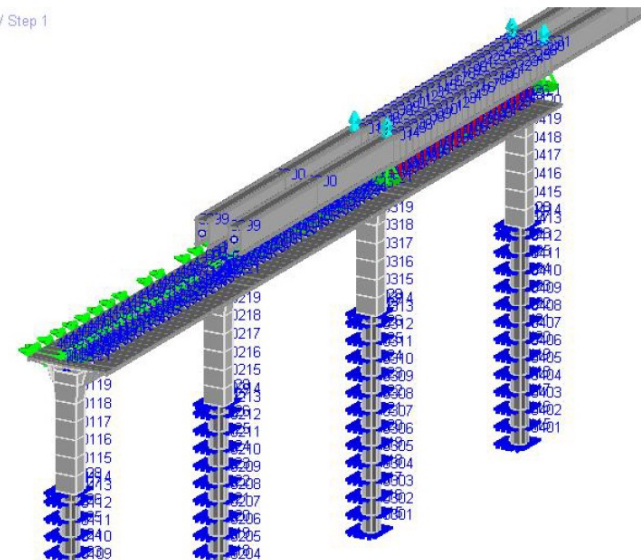
Graphics View 1

Zoom: 3.052X Stage: Super-cont2 / Step 3



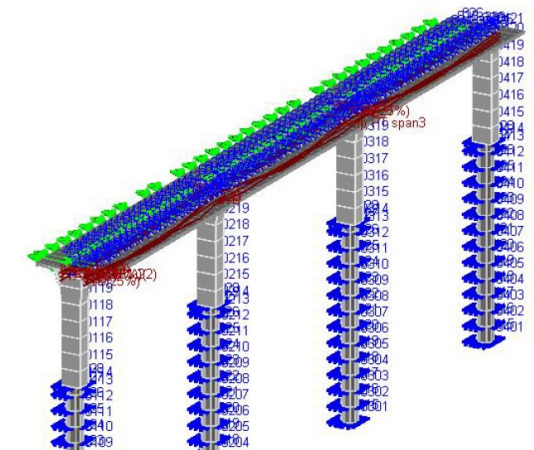
Graphics View 1

Zoom: 3.052X Stage: Super-cont3A / Step 1



Graphics View 1

Zoom: 3.052X Stage: Super-cont3B / Step 9





# Precast Segmental Box-Girder: Launcher – Load Test



บริษัท ซิโน-ไทย เอ็นจิเนียริ่ง แอนด์ คอนสตรัคชั่น จำกัด (มหาชน)  
SINO-THAI ENGINEERING & CONSTRUCTION PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED

## Summary Report

Load Testing of Erection Gantry G01 for MRT

Purple Line Project [P044, P043]

4/29/2011



Figure A.2 Installing segment 1,2,3



# Precast Segmental Box-Girder: Launcher – Load Test



Figure A.5 Install segments 1, 2, 3, 10, 11, 12 then 4,5 (opposite side)



Figure A.6 Complete span assembly

# Precast Segmental Box-Girder: Launcher – Load Test

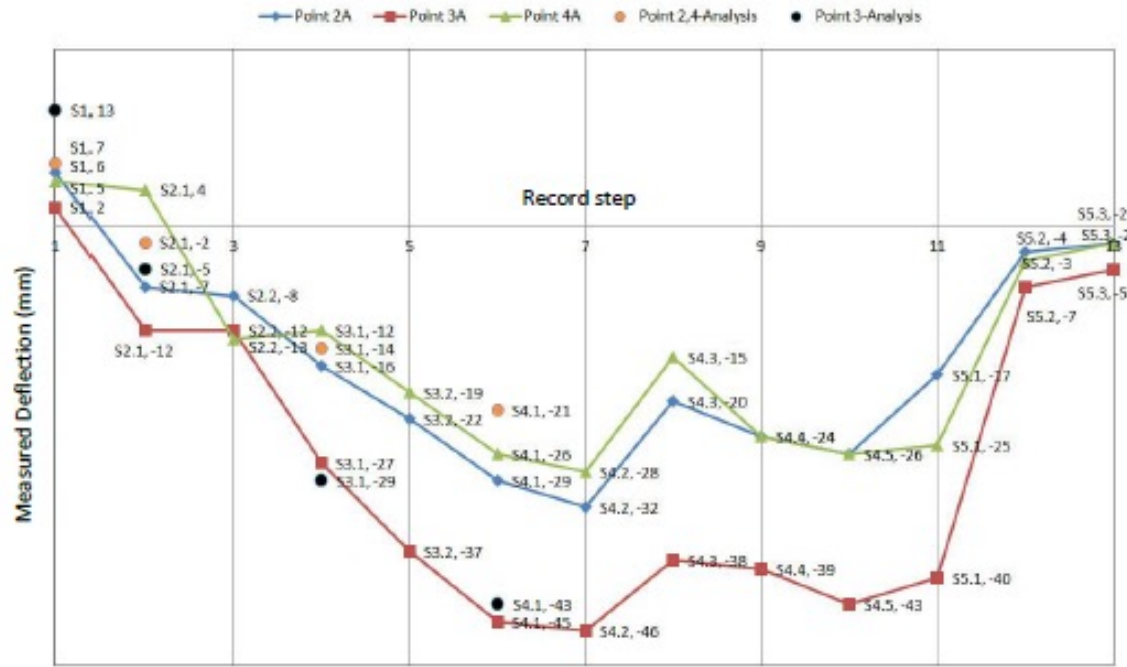


Figure 3.7 Plots of measured deflection and analysis results for each construction stages for Main gantry A



Figure 3.8 Plots of measured deflection and analysis results for each construction stages for Main gantry B

Deflection measurement at each Load Step of Gantry A & Gantry B



# Precast Segmental Box-Girder: Launcher – Load Test

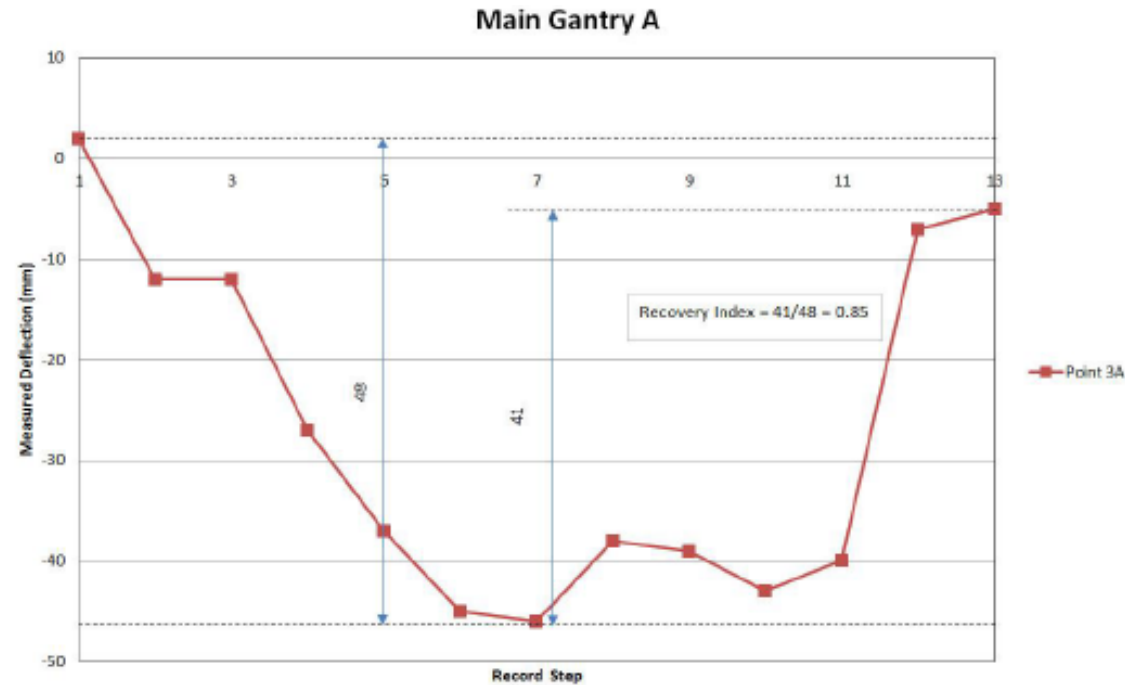


Figure 4.1 Calculation of recovery index for gantry A

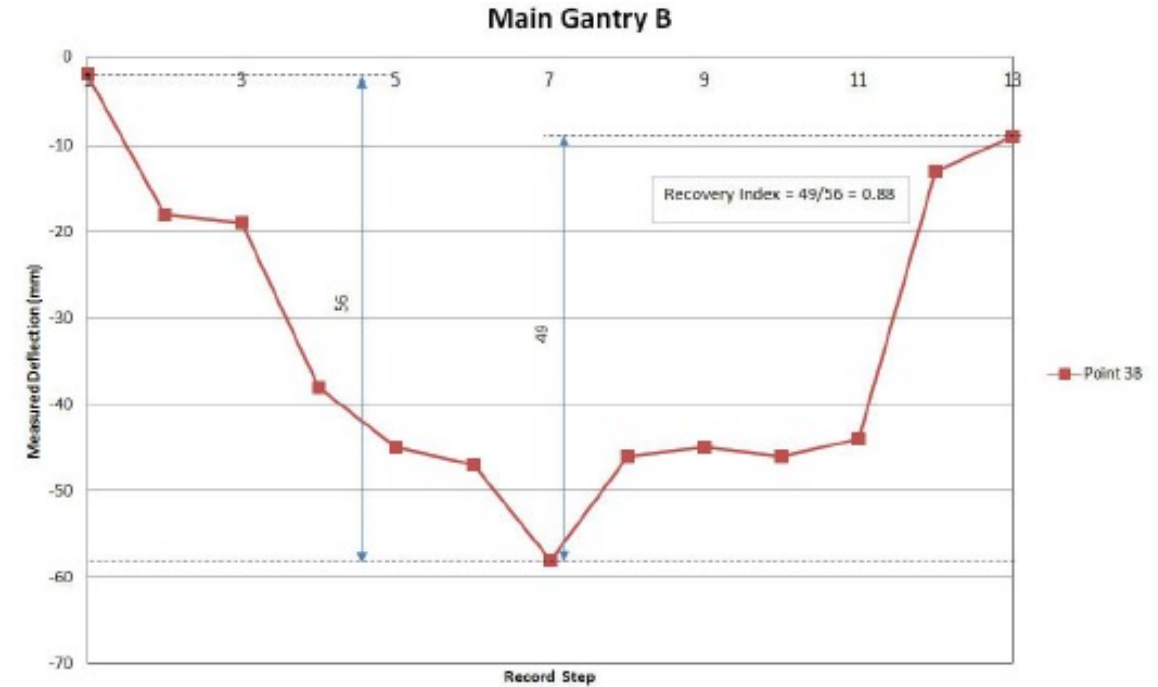


Figure 4.2 Calculation of recovery index for gantry B

$$\text{Recovery Index} = \frac{\text{Maximum deflection amplitude referred to final loading state}}{\text{Maximum deflection amplitude referred to initial loading state}}$$

Calculation of recovery index for main gantry A and B can be shown in Figs. 4.1 and 4.2, respectively. According to the testing results, the recovery index for both main gantry is greater than 0.85 (85%).



# Precast Segmental Box-Girder: Launcher Operation

When start operating Launcher STECON has process to check and corrective missing and human error of erection works by using 3 separated team with witness point of work to cross check and review process of works before 3 main step of erection works

SINO-THAI บริษัท ซิโน-ไทย เอ็นจิเนียริ่ง แอนด์ คอนสตรัคชั่น จำกัด (มหาชน) SINO-THAI ENGINEERING & CONSTRUCTION PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED				
MRT PURPLE LINE PROJECT BANG YAI TO RAT BURANA BANG YAI TO BANG SUE SECTION : CONTRACT 2				
การตรวจสอบก่อนช่วงการติดตั้ง Segment				
Name of Launcher : <u>G1</u> Location : <u>P032-P031 (SPAN 031 R)</u> Check Date : <u>10/10/2554</u>				
ลำดับ	รายละเอียด	ผลการตรวจสอบ	ลายเซ็น	ข้อคิดเห็น
		ผ่าน	ไม่ผ่าน	ผู้ตรวจ
1	Main girder - ตรวจสอบข้อต่อระหว่าง Main girder ที่ประกอบติดกัน (connection joint) - ตรวจสอบการโค้งตัวของ Main girder	✓		
2	Winch Unit - ตรวจสอบเครื่องรับน้ำหนักของระบบไฮดรอลิก - ตรวจสอบสภาพสายไฟ ตู้คอนโทรล - ตรวจสอบสวิตช์ตามจุดติดตั้ง - ตรวจสอบสภาพสลิง & wedge socket - ตรวจสอบสภาพและตำแหน่งของจุดต่อ Winch unit - ตรวจสอบสภาพรถและชุด	✓		
3	ชุดรับระดับ Segment - ตรวจสอบข้อต่อ จุดยึดและสายของระบบไฮดรอลิกของชุดรับระดับ Segment - ตรวจสอบสลักค้ำวางของชุดรับระดับ Segment	✓		
4	Hanger Bar - ตรวจสอบสภาพและการโค้งของ Baxer bar - ตรวจสอบสภาพและการประกอบชุดกระโหลก (Suspension device) - ตรวจสอบสภาพของสลิง โดยเฉพาะรอยยึดติดจากการ Arc - ตรวจสอบสภาพปลอกหุ้มสลิงและตัวห้อยของ Sling	✓		10/10/54
5	Spreader Beam - ตรวจสอบสภาพโครงสร้างและรอยเชื่อมของชุด - ตรวจสอบสลักค้ำวาง (B-B bar) & Anchor Nut	✓		
6	Lower Cross Beam - ตรวจสอบ B-B bar ที่ยึดระหว่าง Lower cross beam กับ Tower support: Type-2 ติดตั้งแน่นหรือไม่ (ชุด Support ติดตั้งบน End pier segment: Single track) - ตรวจสอบ B-B bar ที่ยึดระหว่าง Lower cross beam กับ Transfer beam และ Beam Support Frame ติดตั้งแน่นหรือไม่ (ชุด Support ติดตั้งบน Cross beam) - ตรวจสอบ B-B bar ที่ยึดระหว่าง Lower Cross Beam ต่อหลังติดตั้งบน	✓		ชุด B-B bar 2 ชุด พบว่า ไม่แน่น ไม่ดี 1 ชุด B-B bar support ไม่แน่น ไม่ดี 1 ชุด
7	Bracket Support : Type-2 (ชุด Support ติดตั้งบน Cross Beam) - ตรวจสอบ B-B bar ที่ยึด Bracket Support กับ Cross Beam ติดตั้งแน่นหรือไม่	✓		
8	Beam Support Frame (ชุด Support ติดตั้งบน Cross Beam) - ตรวจสอบความมั่นคงของ Beam Support Frame - ตรวจสอบ Lock nut ของไฮดรอลิกที่ใส่ที่ LCB ถูกขันตึงแล้วหรือไม่	✓		Beam support frame ยังไม่แน่น
Sign		Launcher Engineer		
Name-Surname		Date		
Date		10/10/54		

ผู้จัดทำรายการ: วิศวกรตรวจสอบและดำเนินการติดตั้ง พร้อมกับงานประกอบชุด

Check before erection

SINO-THAI บริษัท ซิโน-ไทย เอ็นจิเนียริ่ง แอนด์ คอนสตรัคชั่น จำกัด (มหาชน) SINO-THAI ENGINEERING & CONSTRUCTION PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED				
MRT PURPLE LINE PROJECT BANG YAI TO RAT BURANA BANG YAI TO BANG SUE SECTION : CONTRACT 2				
การตรวจสอบก่อนช่วงการ Launch Main girder				
Name of Launcher : <u>G1</u> Location : <u>P032-P031/6 (SPAN 031 R)</u> Check Date : <u>8/10/2011</u>				
ลำดับ	รายละเอียด	ผลการตรวจสอบ	ลายเซ็น	ข้อคิดเห็น
		ผ่าน	ไม่ผ่าน	ผู้ตรวจ
6	Tower Support (ชุด Support ติดตั้งบน End pier) - ตรวจสอบสภาพข้อต่อและสายของระบบไฮดรอลิกที่ต่อเข้าเครื่องชุด Tower support - ตรวจสอบ Lock nut ถูกขันตึงระดับความสูงของชุด Tower support แล้วหรือไม่ - ตรวจสอบการขันติดตั้ง Stud bar ยึดระหว่าง Tower support กับ End pier segment (ในกรณี Tower support วางติดตั้งบน End pier segment)	✓		
7	Transfer Beam : Type-2 (ชุด Support ติดตั้งบน Cross beam) - ตรวจสอบสภาพข้อต่อและสายของระบบไฮดรอลิกที่ต่อเข้าเครื่องชุด Tower support - ตรวจสอบ Lock nut ถูกขันตึงระดับความสูงของชุด Tower support แล้วหรือไม่ - ตรวจสอบ B-B bar ที่ยึดระหว่าง Transfer Beam กับ Bracket Support ติดตั้งแน่นหรือไม่	✓		ชุด B-B bar
8	Transfer Beam : Type-3 (ชุด Support ติดตั้งบน Cross beam) - ตรวจสอบ B-B bar ที่ยึด Transfer Beam Support กับ Cross Beam ติดตั้งแน่นหรือไม่ - ตรวจสอบฐานของ Transfer Beam Support วางแน่นบนกับชุด Shim หรือ Cross beam - ตรวจสอบ Lock nut ถูกขันตึงระดับความสูงของชุด Transfer Beam Support แล้วหรือไม่ - ตรวจสอบ B-B bar ที่ยึดระหว่าง Transfer Beam กับ Lower Cross Beam ติดตั้งแน่นหรือไม่	✓		
Note : เพื่อได้ข้อ 7 ของชุดไฮดรอลิกที่ LCB ไม่แน่น ไม่ดี 1 ชุด 1 ชุด (1 ชุด) (เพื่อได้ข้อ 7 ของชุดไฮดรอลิก)				
Sign		Launcher Engineer		
Name-Surname		Date		
Date		8/10/11		

ผู้จัดทำรายการ: วิศวกรตรวจสอบและดำเนินการติดตั้ง พร้อมกับงานประกอบชุด

Check before Launching

SINO-THAI บริษัท ซิโน-ไทย เอ็นจิเนียริ่ง แอนด์ คอนสตรัคชั่น จำกัด (มหาชน) SINO-THAI ENGINEERING & CONSTRUCTION PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED				
MRT PURPLE LINE PROJECT BANG YAI TO RAT BURANA BANG YAI TO BANG SUE SECTION : CONTRACT 2				
การตรวจสอบก่อนช่วงการ Slide Main Girder				
Name of Launcher : <u>G1</u> Location : <u>P032-P031 (SPAN 032 R)</u> Check Date : <u>4/10/2554</u>				
ลำดับ	รายละเอียด	ผลการตรวจสอบ	ลายเซ็น	ข้อคิดเห็น
		ผ่าน	ไม่ผ่าน	ผู้ตรวจ
1	Main girder - ตรวจสอบกับสายโซ่ Main girder ให้เรียบร้อย - ตรวจสอบการโค้งตัวของ Main girder ที่อาจมีส่วนยื่นด้านข้าง	✓		
2	Winch unit - ตรวจสอบตำแหน่งของ Winch Unit อยู่กึ่งกลางช่วง Span	✓		
3	Roller Support - ตรวจสอบการติดตั้งสลักยึดระหว่าง Brake Launching jack หรือ Main Launching jack กับ Launching rail อย่างใดอย่างหนึ่งอย่างเรียบร้อย - ตรวจสอบสลักยึดและสภาพของชุด Spindle ที่ยึดระหว่าง Roller Support - ตรวจสอบ Main girder นี้อยู่บนสลักของชุด Roller Support ในทุกจุด - ตรวจสอบสภาพของชุดไฮดรอลิก รวมถึงสภาพข้อต่อและสายที่ใช้ในการเลื่อน Slide ตัว Main girder - ตรวจสอบสภาพของชุด B-B bar ที่ใช้ในการเลื่อน Slide ตัว Main Girder - ตรวจสอบสลักค้ำวางบนสลักค้ำบน Stainless rod LCB ทุกจุดรวมถึงสภาพของแผ่น Teflon - ตรวจสอบความสะอาดของแผ่น Stainless รวมถึงการใช้น้ำมันไฮดรอลิก - ตรวจสอบชุดรอยต่อและสภาพความเรียบของแผ่น Stainless - ตรวจสอบ B-B bar ที่ยึดระหว่าง Lower cross beam กับ Tower support ติดตั้งแน่นหรือไม่ (ชุด Support ติดตั้งบน End pier) - ตรวจสอบ B-B bar ที่ยึดระหว่าง Lower cross beam กับ Transfer beam และ Beam Support Frame ติดตั้งแน่นหรือไม่ (ชุด Support ติดตั้งบน Cross beam) - ตรวจสอบความมั่นคงของชุดค้ำวางกับชุด Lower cross beam - ตรวจสอบการติดตั้งของแผ่น Lower cross beam ที่อาจเกิดช่วงว่างระหว่างแผ่น - ตรวจสอบ B-B bar ที่ยึดระหว่าง Lower Cross Beam ต่อหลังติดตั้งบน	✓		4/10/54
Sign		Launcher Engineer		
Name-Surname		Date		
Date		4/10/54		

ผู้จัดทำรายการ: วิศวกรตรวจสอบและดำเนินการติดตั้ง พร้อมกับงานประกอบชุด

Check before sliding

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# Precast Segmental Box-Girder: Launcher Operation



*Launching*



*Span Alignment & Profile check*



*Concrete wet joint*



*Erection*



*Post-Tensioned works*





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**Thank you  
Question & Answer**